PENG 10/054970 Page 1

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Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNCTES/stnotes27.pdf

## => FILE HCAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 11 Apr 2003 VOL 138 ISS 16 FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Apr 2003 (20030410/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> D QUE STR L12

VAR G1=AK/CB VAR G2=H/OH/O NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) APE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
            663 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L12
L14
            571 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14
            15 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L15 L) (PREPOLYMER? OR POF/FL)
L15
             1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L16 AND ?ACETYLEN?
L16
             40 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L15 AND ?ACETYLEN?
L17
             1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND PREPOLYMER?
L18
             1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND POF/RL
L19
            35 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND (PREP OR IMF OR SPN)/RL
L20
            36 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L17 OR L19 OR L20 OR L21
L21
             24 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L22 AND (POLYMER? OF FLASTIC?)/SC,SX
L22
L23
              STR
L24
C = \overline{\underline{}} C
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NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 2

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      STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

      L26
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      SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L14
      SSS FUI. L24

      L29
      34
      SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
      L26
      NOT 1-10/M

      L30
      33
      SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
      L29
      NOT 1-4/B

      L31
      22
      SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
      L30

      L32
      20
      SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
      L31(L) (PREP OR IMF OR SPN)/RL

      L33
      0
      SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
      L31(L) POF/RL

      L34
      34
      SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
      L23 OR L32 OR L33
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## => D L34 ALL 1-34 HITSTR

L34 ANSWER 1 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2002:904255 HCAPLUS

DN 138:5081

TI Production of curable polysilexane compositions containing platinum-based catalysts

IN Mueller, Philipp; Fehn, Armin; Bauer, Michael; Rohrmueller, Heinz-Max; Boeck, Andreas

PA Wacker-Chemie Gmbh, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 10 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM C08L083-04 ICS C08G077-08; C08J005-02

CC 37-6 (**Plastics** Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 39

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
					MR
$F^{\prime}\mathbf{I}$	DE 10123937	A1	20021128	DE 2001-10123937	20010517
PR	AT THE 2001-10123937		20010517		

OS MARPAT 138:5081

- Curable polysiloxane compns. comprise polysiloxanes A and B or polysiloxanes C instead of A and B, and platinum-based catalyst D. The polysiloxanes A have units of the general formula (CH3)aR2bR3cSiX(4-a-bc)/2, where R2 substituents are the same or different and can be monovalent aliph. unsatd. C2-C10-hydrocarbon groups optionally contg. halogens, oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur or phosphorus atoms, R3 substituents are the same or different and can be aliph. C-C multiple bonds, or monovalent C3-C20-hydrocarbon groups optionally contg. halogens, oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur or phosphorus atoms, X substituents are the same or different and can be oxygen or bivalent C1-C20-hydrocarbon groups optionally contq. halogens, oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur or phosphorus atoms, a, b and c can be independently 0, 1, 2 or 3 and the sum a+b+c is .ltoreq. 3, and at least 4% of the polysiloxane A units have c value which is not equal to 0, X is not oxygen and there are at least two aliph. unsatd. groups R2 per mol. The polysiloxanes B have Si-H bonds. The polysiloxanes C have the same general formula as polysiloxanes A with the difference that R2 substituents can be hydrogen atoms and at least 4% of all units in polysiloxanes C have c value which is not equal to 0, X is not oxygen and, per mol., there are at least three aliph. C-C multiple bond-contg. groups and at least two Si-H groups, or at least two aliph. C-C multiple bond-contg. groups and at least three Si-H groups. The compns. can be used in variety of applications including prodn. of silicon rubber-based tackifiers. The compns. have the advantage of good storage stability at ambient temp. and pressure but can be easily crosslinked at higher temps. Thus, a compn. was produced which comprised (1,5-cyclooctadiene) bis (phenylethynyl) platinum as catalyst D, vinyldimethylsilyl-terminated polysiloxane A comprising 93% mol. of dimethylsiloxy units and  $7 ag{mol}$  mol. of methylphenylsiloxy units, and trimethylsilyl-terminated polysiloxane B comprising dimethylsiloxy units and hydrogenmethylsiloxy units.
- ST platinum complex catalyst curable polysiloxane compn prodn
- IT Silicone rubber, uses

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

```
(curable polysiloxane compns. contg. platinum-based catalysts for
       rodn. of)
    Crosslinking catalysts
ΙT
    Hydrosilylation catalysts
        (prodn. of curable polysiloxane compns. contg. platinum-based
        catalysts)
    Polysiloxanes, properties
ΙT
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        prodn. of curable polysiloxane compns. contg. platinum-based
        catalysts)
                               12080-32-9, (1,5-
     536-74-3, Phenylacetylene
IT
     Cyclooctadiene) platinum dichloride
     FL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (in prodn. of platinum-based catalysts for curable polysiloxane
        compns.)
     7440-06-4D, Platinum, complexes 107636-02-2, (1,5-
IΤ
     Cyclooctadiene) bis (phenylethynyl) platinum
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (prodn. of curable polysiloxane compns. contg. platinum-based
        catalysts)
     78-27-3, 1-Ethynyl-1-cyclohexanol
IT
     FL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (prodn. of curable polysiloxane compns. contg. platinum-based
        catalysts)
     35343-81-8D, Dimethylsilanediol-1,4-bis(dimethylhydroxysilyl)benze
IΤ
     ne copolymer, vinyldimethylsilyl-terminated 156048-34-9D,
     Dimethylsilanediol-diphenylsilanediol copolymer, vinyldimethylsilyl-
                156048-35-0D, Dimethylsilanediol-methylphenylsilanediol
     terminated
     copolymer, vinyldimethylsilyl-terminated 156118-35-3D,
     Dimethylsilanediol-methylsilanediol copolymer, trimethylsilyl-terminated
     168682-87-9D, vinyldimethylsilyl-terminated
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (prodn. of curable polysiloxane compns. contg. platinum-based
        catalysts)
     35343-81-8D, Dimethylsilanediol-1,4-bis(dimethylhydroxysilyl)benze
ΙT
     ne copolymer, vinyldimethylsilyl-terminated
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (prodn. of curable polysiloxane compns. contg. platinum-based
        catalysts)
     35343-81-8 HCAPLUS
RN
     Silanediol, dimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilanol]
CN
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 2754-32-7
     CMF C10 H18 O2 Si2
```

CM 2

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

L34 ANSWER 2 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2002:755130 HCAFLUS

DN 137:279922

TI Low-dielectric-constant interlayer insulating film composed of borazine-silicon-based polymer, and semiconductor device

IN Uchimaru, Yuko; Inoue, Masami

PA Japan

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8 pp. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM H01L021-8238

NCL 438200000

CC 37-3 (**Plastics** Manufacture and Processing)
Section cross-reference(s): **38**, 76

FAN.CNT 1

	0111 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	US 2002142533	A1	20021003	US 2002-93406	20020311
	JP 2002359240	A2	20021213	JP 2002-71333	20020315
PRAT	JP 2001-91460	Α	20010327		

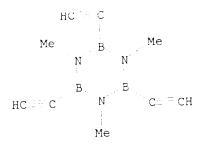
AB A low-dielec.-const. interlayer insulating film, which is composed of at least one selected from the group consisting of: (i) a low-dielec.-const. borazine-silicon-based polymer substance obtainable by reaction of, in the presence of a platinum catalyst, B,B',B''-triethynyl-N,N',N''-trimethylborazine with a specific silicon compd. having at least two hydrosilyl groups; and (ii) a low-dielec.-const. borazine-silicon-based polymer substance obtainable by reaction of, in the presence of a platinum catalyst, B,B',B''-triethynyl-N,N',N''-trimethylborazine with a specific cyclic silicon compd. having at least two hydrosilyl groups. A semiconductor device, which has the low-dielec.-const. interlayer

```
insulating film. A low-refractive-index material, which is composed of
    the polymer substance (i) and/or (ii). Thus, hydrosilylation polymn. of
    B,B',B''-triethynyl-N,N',N''-trimethylborazine with p-
    bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene in ethylbenzene in the presence of Pt2(dvs)3
     [dvs = 1,3-divinyl(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxane)] gave a copolymer
     in soln. which was coated on a wafer, and heated at 200.degree. for 1 h
     and at 300.degree. for 30 min to give a crosslinked film with a relative
     dielec. const. of 2.2-2.4, 5\text{-wt. loss temp. under N of 563.degree., and}
     hardness 15 GPa.
    dielec interlayer insulating film low k borazine silicon polymer
ST
     Polymerization
        (hydrosilylation; low-dielec.-const. interlayer insulating film
TΤ
        composed of borazine-silicon-based polymer, and semiconductor device)
     Dielectric films
ΙT
     Electric insulators
     Semiconductor devices
        (low-dielec.-const. interlayer insulating film composed of
        borazine-silicon-based polymer, and semiconductor device)
     Polycarbosilanes
ΙT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (polyacetylene-; low-dielec.-const. interlayer insulating
        film composed of borazine-silicon-based polymer, and semiconductor
        device)
     Polyacetylenes, preparation
TT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
      (Uses)
         (polycarbosilane-; low-dielec.-const. interlayer insulating film
        composed of borazine-silicon-based polymer, and semiconductor device)
     81032-58-8, Bis(1,3-divinyl-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane)-platinum
 ΤT
      complex
      RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
         (low-dielec.-const. interlayer insulating film composed of
        borazine-silicon-based polymer, and semiconductor device)
      285141-52-8P, p-Bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene-B,B',B''-triethynyl-
 ΙT
      N,N',N''-trimethylborazine copolymer 429664-38-0P, 1,3,5,7-
      Tetramethylcyclotetrasiloxane-B,B',B''-triethynyl-N,N',N''-
      trimethylborazine copolymer
      RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM
      (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
      (Uses)
         (low-dielec.-const. interlayer insulating film composed of
         borazine-silicon-based polymer, and semiconductor device)
      285141-52-8P, p-Bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene-B,B',B''-triethynyl-
 IT
      N,N',N''-trimethylborazine copolymer
      RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM
      (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
      (Uses)
         (low-dielec.-const. interlayer insulating film composed of
         borazine-silicon-based polymer, and semiconductor device)
      285141-52-8 HCAPLUS
 RN
      Borazine, 2,4,6-triethynyl-1,3,5-trimethyl-, polymer with
      1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
          1
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PENG 10/054970

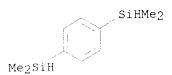
Page 7

CRN 285141-50-6 CMF C9 H12 B3 N3



СМ 2

CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2



L34 ANSWER 3 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

2002:149752 HCAPLUS AN

137:47530 DN

Synthesis and characterization of a silarylene-siloxane-TTdiacetylene polymer and its conversion to a thermosetting plastic

Homrighausen, Craig L.; Keller, Teddy M. ΑU

Chemistry Division, Code 6127, Advanced Materials Section, Naval Research CS Laboratory, Washington, DC, 20375-5320, USA

Polymer (2002), 43(9), 2619-2623 SO CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861

Elsevier Science Ltd. PΒ

DT Journal

English LΑ

35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) CC

The synthesis and characterization of a linear silarylene-siloxane-AB diacetylene polymer and its conversion to a highly crosslinked thermoset are described. The linear polymer was prepd. via polycondensation of 1,4-bis(dimethylaminodimethylsilyl)butadiyne with 1,4-bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene. Conversion to a thermoset occurs through the diacetylene groups above 300.degree.. The thermoset exhibited long-term thermooxidative stability up to 350.degree. in air as detd. by thermogravimetric anal.

polydiacetylene polycarbosilane polysiloxane ST

Polymerization ΙT

(of bis(dimethylaminodimethylsilyl)butadiyne with bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene in synthesis of silarylene-siloxanediacetylene polymer)

Polysiloxanes, preparation ΙT

```
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polycarbosilane-polydiacetylene-; synthesis and
        characterization of silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene polymer
       and its conversion to a thermosetting plastic)
     Polydiacetylenes
ΙΤ
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
        (polycarbosilane-polysiloxane-; synthesis and characterization of
     (Preparation)
        silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene polymer and its conversion to
        a thermosetting plastic)
     Polycarbosilanes
ΙT
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polydiacetylene-polysiloxane-; synthesis and
        characterization of silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene polymer
        and its conversion to a thermosetting plastic)
     Thermal stability
TT
         (synthesis and characterization of silarylene-siloxane-
        diacetylene polymer and its conversion to a thermosetting
         plastic)
     31098-29-0P, 1,4-Bis(dimethylaminodimethylsilyl)butadiyne
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (monomer; for synthesis of silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene
         polymer and its conversion to a thermosetting plastic)
                                    18209-60-4, Chlorodimethylaminodimethylsila
      87-68-3, Hexachlorobutadiene
 ΙT
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant cr reagent)
         (reactant; in synthesis of monomer for prepn. of silarylene-siloxane-
         diacetylene polymer and its conversion to a thermosetting
      296762-58-8P, 1,4-Bis(dimethylaminodimethylsilyl)butadiyne-1,4-
         plastic)
 TΠ
      bis hydroxydimethylsilyl) benzene copolymer
      RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation)
         (synthesis and characterization of silarylene-siloxane-
         diacetylene polymer and its conversion to a thermosetting
         plastic)
               THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
         23
 RE.CNT
 RE
 (1) Brefort, J; Organometallics 1992, V11, P2500 HCAPLUS
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- (23) Sundar, R; J Polym Sci, Polym Chem Ed 1997, V35, P2387 HCAPLUS
- 296762-58-8P, 1,4-Bis(dimethylaminodimethylsilyl)butadiyne-1,4bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene copolymer

FL: PFP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

## (Preparation)

(synthesis and characterization of silarylene-silcxanediacetylene polymer and its conversion to a thermosetting plastic)

RN

Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne-1,4diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-tetramethylsilanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM

CRN 31098-29-0 C12 H24 N2 Si2 CMF

NMe2 NMe<sub>2</sub>

Si-C--C-C--C Si Me

Me Me

2 CM

CRN 2754-32-7

CMF C10 H18 O2 Si2

- L34 ANSWER 4 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- 2002:63552 HCAPLUS ΝA
- DN
- Thermally stable soluble silicon-containing step ladder polymers and their TΙ
- Hayashi, Teruyuki; Shimada, Shigeru; Kobayashi, Toshiaki; Uchimaru, Yuko; IN Tanaka, Masato
- Sangyo Gijutsu Sogo Kenkyusho, Japan PA

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PENG 10/054970 Page 10

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese
IC ICM C08G077-60
    ICS C08G077-52; C09D183-16; C09D185-00; C09D183-14

CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 2002020494 A2 20020123
    PRAI JP 2000-207845 20000710

GI
```

AB The polymers I (Rl = alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; E = aryl, alkyl, trisubstituted silyl;  $\hat{A}$  = divalent org. group, siloxane, organometallic group; n = av. d.p. 2-20,000) are claimed. Thus, 1,2,4,5-tetrakis[bis(neopentyloxy)silyl ]benzene and 1,4-bis(phenylethynyl)benzene were polymd. in the presence of ethylenebis(triphenylphosphine)benzene to give a polymer showing 69% yield, Mw 23000, Mw/Mn 2.0, Td5 (5% wt. loss) 395.degree., and wt. retention on heating to 1000.degree. 36%. thermally stable soluble silicon ladder polymer ST (double; prepn. of thermally stable sol. silicon-contg. step ladder Silylation polymers) Heat-resistant materials (prepn. of thermally stable sol. silicon-contg. step ladder polymers) ΙT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) IT (prepn. of thermally stable sol. silicon-contg. step ladder polymers) RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) ΙT (silicon-contg.; prepn. of thermally stable sol. silicon-contg. step ladder polymers) 12120-15-9, Ethylenebis(triphenylphosphine) platinum IT RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (polymn. catalyst; prepn. of thermally stable sol. silicon-contg. step ladder polymers) 391200-19-4P 391200-20-7P **391200-21-8P** 391200-22-9P TΤ 391200-24-1P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP 391200-23-0P (prepn. of thermally stable sol. silicon-contg. step ladder polymers) (Preparation) PL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP 391200-21-8P ΙT

(Preparation)

(prepn. of thermally stable sol. silicon-contg. step ladder polymers) RN

Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[bis(4-methylphenyl)-, polymer with 1,3-bis(phenylethynyl)benzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CN

325684-08-0 CRN CMF C62 H62 Si4

2 СМ

13141-36-1 CRN C22 H14 CMF

ANSWER 5 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L34

2002:5416 HCAPLUS AN

High-temperature elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene DN ΤI linear polymers

Homrighausen, Craig L.; Keller, Teddy M. ΑU

Advanced Materials Section, Chemistry Division, Naval Research Laboratory, CS Washington, DC, 20375, USA

Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry (2001), Volume Date SO 2002, 40(1), 88-94 CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X

John Wiley & Sons, Inc. PΒ

Journal DT

English LA

```
35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
CC
    Section cross-reference(s): 39
    The syntheses and characterization of linear silarylene-siloxane-
AB
    diacetylene polymers 3a-c and their thermal conversion to
    crosslinked elastomeric materials 4a-c are discussed. Inclusion of the
    diacetylene unit required synthesis of an appropriate monomeric
     species. 1,4-Bis (dimethylaminodimethylsilyl) butadiyne
     [(CH3)2N-Si(CH3)2-C.tplbond.C-C.tplbond.C-(CH3)2 Si-N(CH3)2] 2 was prepd.
     from 1,4-dilithio-1,3-butadiyne and 2 equiv of
     dimethylaminodimethylchlorosilane. The linear polymers were prepd. via
     polycondensation of 2 with a series of disilanol prepolymers.
     The low mol. wt. silarylene-siloxane prepolymers la-c
     (terminated by hydroxyl groups) were synthesized via soln. condensation of
     an excess amt. of 1,4-bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene with
     bis(dimethylamino)dimethylsilane. The linear polymers were characterized
     by 1H and 13C NMR, Fourier transform IR spectroscopy, gel permeation
     chromatog., thermogravimetric anal. (TGA), and DSC. The elastomers
     exhibited long-term oxidative stability up to 330.degree. in air as detd.
     by TGA.
     silarylene siloxane diacetylene polymer prepn oxidative
ST
     stability
     Rubber, preparation
ΙT
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene
        linear polymers)
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
ΙT
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation)
         (polydiacetylene-, alternating; high-temp. elastomers from
        silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene linear polymers)
      Polydiacetylenes
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation)
         (siloxane-, alternating; high-temp. elastomers from
         silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene linear polymers)
      Crosslinking
 ΙT
         (thermal; high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-
         diacetylene linear polymers)
      Polymer degradation
 IT
         (thermooxidative; high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-
         diacetylene linear polymers)
      87-68-3, Hexachlorobutadiene 2754-32-7, 1,4-
 IT
                                        3768-58-9,
      Bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene
                                        18209-60-4, N,N-
      Bis (dimethylamino) dimethylsilane
      Dimethylaminodimethylchlorosilane
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene
         linear polymers)
      31098-29-0P, 1,4-Bis(dimethylaminodimethylsilyl)butadiyne
 TΨ
      1,4-Dilithio-1,3-butadiyne 296762-59-9P 296762-61-3P
      296762-63-5P
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene
         linear polymers)
      109-72-8, n-Butyllithium, reactions
 IT
      RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
```

(high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene linear polymers)

296762-60-2P 296762-62-4P 296762-64-6P ΙΤ 296762-65-7P 296762-66-8P 296762-67-9P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation)

(option of further crosslinking; high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene linear polymers)

THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT RE

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- 2754-32-7, 1,4-Bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene linear polymers)
- 2754-32-7 HCAPLUS RN
- Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

296762-59-9P 296762-61-3P 296762-63-5P IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene linear polymers)

- 296762-59-9 HCAPLUS RN
- Silanol, [(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)di-4,1-CN

PENG 10/054970

Page 14

phenylene]bis[dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 296762-61-3 HCAPLUS

CN Silanol, [1,4-phenylenebis[(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-5,1-trisiloxanediyl)-4,1-phenylene]]bis[dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 296762-63-5 HCAPLUS

Silanol, [(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)bis[4,1-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-5,1-trisiloxanediyl)-4,1-phenylene]]bis[dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

296762-60-2P 296762-62-4P 296762-64-6P IT 296762-65-7P 296762-66-8P 296762-67-9P

PL: PPP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation)

(option of further crosslinking; high-temp. elastomers from silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene linear polymers)

296762-60-2 HCAPLUS RN

Silanol, [(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)di-4,1phenylene]bis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne 1,4diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-tetramethylsilanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CN

296762-59-9 CRN C22 H40 O4 Si5 CMF

CM 2

31098-29-0 CRN C12 H24 N2 Si2 CMF

296762-62-4 HCAPLUS Silanol, [1,4-phenylenebis[(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-5,1-trisiloxanediyl)-RN 4,1-phenylene]]bis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne-1,4-CN diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-trimethylsilanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 СМ

PENG 10/054970

CRN 296762-61-3 CMF C34 H62 O6 Si8

PAGE 1-A

Page 16

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 31098-29-0 CMF C12 H24 N2 Si2

RN 296762-64-6 HCAPLUS
CN Silanol, [(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)bis[4,1-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-5,1-trisiloxanediyl)-4,1-phenylene]]bis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-tetramethylsilanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 296762-63-5 CMF C46 H84 O8 Sill

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

2 CM

31098-29-0 CRN C12 H24 N2 Si2 CMF

296762-65-7 HCAPLUS RN

Poly[oxy(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3-CN tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diyl(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

296762-66-8 HCAPLUS RN

 $\texttt{Poly[oxy(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,5-d$ CN hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3disiloxanediyl)-1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diyl(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

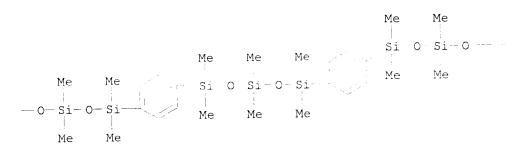
PAGE 1-B

296762-67-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-1,5trisiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,3butadiyne-1,4-diyl(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

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L34 ANSWER 6 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

2001:332147 HCAPLUS AN

134:311579 DN

High temperature elastomers from linear poly(silarylene-siloxane-ΤI acetylene)

Keller, Teddy M.; Homrighausen, Craig IN

PΑ

United States Dept. of the Navy, USA U. S. Pat. Appl., 20 pp., Avail. NTIS Order No. PAT-APPL-9-625 271. SO CODEN: XAXXAV

DT Patent

English LA

35-6 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**) Section cross-reference(s): 39

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FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                 KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
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                            _____
     _____
                                          US 2000-625271 20000725
    US 625271
US 6362289
                            20001204
                     A0
                     B1 20020326
A1 20020131
                            20020326
                                          WO 1001-US23304 20010725
     WO 2002008315
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BP, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KF, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MI, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
             RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TF, TT, TE, UA, UG, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RY, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SC, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FF, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MP, NE, SN, TD, TG
                     A1 20030306 US 2002-46296 20020116
     US 2003045654
                            20000725
                      Α
PRAI US 2000-625271
     A linear polymer has repeating units represented by
     [SiR7R8(C.tplbond.C)xSiR7R8OSiR1R2ArSiR3R4O(SiR5R6OSiR1R2ArSiR3R4O)n]
     wherein (a) n is .gtoreq.0, (b) x is .gtoreq.1, and (C.tplbond.C) x
     represents an unconjugated acetylenic group when x is equal to 1
     or conjugated acetylenic groups when x is greater than 1; (c) Ar
     is an arom. group, and (c) F1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7 and R8 are
     independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl,
     alkylaryl, haloalkyl, haloaryl and mixts. thereof. The linear polymer may
     be thermally cured to form a crosslinked polymer.
     polyacetylene polysilarylene siloxane heat resistance
 ST
      Heat-resistant materials
         (high temp. elastomers from linear poly(silarylene-siloxane-
 IT
         acetylene))
      Polysiloxanes, preparation
      RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRF (Properties); PREP
 ΤŢ
      (Preparation)
         (polyacetylene-polycarbosilane-; high temp. elastomers from
         linear poly(silarylene-siloxane-acetylene))
      Polycarbosilanes
 TΤ
      RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
       (Preparation)
          (polyacetylene-siloxane-; high temp. elastomers from linear
         poly(silarylene-siloxane-acetylene))
      Polyacetylenes, preparation
 ΙT
      RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
          (polycarbosilane-siloxane-; high temp. elastomers from linear
       (Preparation)
          poly(silarylene-siloxane-acetylene))
       335126-50-6P 335126-53-9P
  IT
       RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
       (Preparation)
          (high temp. elastomers from linear poly(silarylene-siloxane-
          acetylene))
       31098-29-0P, 1,4-Bis(Dimethylaminodimethylsilyl)butadiyne
  ΤT
       34056-57-0P
       RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Feactant); PREP
       (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
          (high temp. elastomers from linear poly(silarylene-siloxane-
          acetylene))
       87-68-3, Hexachlorobutadiene 18209-60-4
  ΙT
       RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
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PENG 10/054970
                         Page 21
        (high temp. elastomers from linear poly(silarylene-siloxane-
        acetylene))
     335126-53-9P
ΙT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
     (Preparation)
         (high temp. elastomers from linear poly(silarylene-siloxane
         acetylene))
     335126-53-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne-1,4-
CN
     diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-tetramethylsilanamine] and hexamethylsilanediamine (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
           1
     CM
          31098-29-0
     CRN
     CMF C12 H24 N2 Si2
                      NMe2
     NMe2
Me-Si C-C-EC-Si-Me
                      Me
    Me
           2
      CM
           3768-58-9
      CRN
          C6 H18 N2 Si
      CMF
     NMe<sub>2</sub>
{\tt Me}^-{\tt Si}^-{\tt Me}
     NMe<sub>2</sub>
      СМ
            3
          2754-32-7
      CRN
           C10 H18 O2 Si2
      CMF
                 Ме
                 Si-Me
     OH
                 ОН
 Me Si
```

Ме

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (high temp. elastomers from linear poly(silarylene-siloxaneacetylene)) 34056-57-0 HCAPLUS RN Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with hexamethylsilanediamine CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 1 CM CRN 3768-58-9 CMF C6 H18 N2 Si NMe2 Me-Si-Me NMe<sub>2</sub> CM 2 2754-32-7 CRN C10 H18 O2 Si2 CMF Ме Si-Me ОН

Me

Me-Si

L34 ANSWER 7 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2000:565957 HCAPLUS ΑN 133:267392 DN Silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene polymers as precursors to high ΤI temperature elastomers Homrighausen, Craig L.; Keller, Teddy M. ΑU Chemistry Materials Branch, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, DC, CS 20375-5320, USA Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering (2000), 83, 8-9 SO CODEN: PMSEDG; ISSN: 0743-0515 American Chemical Society PΒ DT Journal LA English 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) CC Section cross-reference(s): 39 A series of silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene polymers with AΒ different diacetylene content was prepd. by an adapted version of the aminosilane deficient method. Some cleavage of the polymers

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occurred at the alkynyl carbon-silicon bond via dimethylamine reaction.
    This cleavage reaction would disrupt the alternating nature of the polymer
    structure as well as hinder the prodn. of truly high-mol.-wt. polymers.
    DSC showed that crosslinking occurred .apprx.200.degree. for primary
    diacetylene groups and above 300.degree. for internal
    diacetylene units. The crosslinked polymers degrade thermally above 425.degree.. As the crosslink d. increases, both the onset temp. of
    major degrdn, and the char yield at 1000.degree, shift to higher values.
    silarylene siloxane diacetylene polymer precursor elastomer
ST
    Polysiloxanes, preparation
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (polycarbosilane-polydiacetylene-; prepn. of
        silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene polymers as precursors to
        high temp. elastomers;
     Polydiacetylenes
ΙT
       Polydiacetylenes
       Polydiacetylenes
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (polycarbosilane-polysiloxane-; prepn. of silarylene siloxane-
        diacetylene polymers as precursors to high temp. elastomers)
     Polycarbosilanes
ΙT
     Polycarbosilanes
     Polycarbosilanes
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (polydiacetylene-polysiloxane-; prepn. of
         silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene relymers as precursors to
         high temp. elastomers)
      31098-29-0P, 1,4-Bis(dimethylaminodimethylsilyl)butadiyne
IT
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (prepn. and polymn.)
      296762-58-8P 296762-60-2P 296762-62-4P
ΙT
      296762-64-6P 296762-65-7P 296762-66-8P
      296762-67-9P 296763-38-7P
      RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. of silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene polymers as
         precursors to high temp. elastomers)
      2754-32-7, 1,4-Bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene
 ΙT
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction with bis(dimethylamino)dimethylsilane)
      3768-58-9, Bis(dimethylamino)dimethylsilane
 TΨ
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction with bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene)
      87-68-3, Hexachlorobutadiene
 IT
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
          (reaction with dimethylaminodimethylchlorosilane)
      18209-60-4, N,N-Dimethylaminodimethylchlorosilane
 IΤ
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
          (reaction with hexachlorobutadiene)
               THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 PE.CNT 9
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(6) Love, B; J Drg Chem 1999, V64, P3755 HCAPLUS

(7) Ohshita, J; Macromolecules 1999, V32, P5998 HCAPLUS

(8) Silverstein, P; Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds 5th Ed 1991

(9) Son, D; J Polym Sci Part A 1995, V33, P2969 HCAPLUS

296762-58-8P 296762-60-2P 296762-62-4P 296762-64-6P 296762-65-7P 296762-66-8P 296762-67-9P 296763-38-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of silarylene-siloxane-diacetylene polymers as precursors to high temp. elastomers)

RN

Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne-1,4diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-tetramethylsilanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

1 CM

31098-29-0 CRN C12 H24 N2 Si2 CMF

2 CM

CRN 2754-32-7 CMF C10 H18 O2 Si2

296762-60-2 HCAPLUS

Silanol, [(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)di-4,1-RN phenylene]his[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne-1,4-CN diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-tetramethylsilanamine] (9CT) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

296762-59-9 CRN CMF C22 H40 O4 Si5

CM 2

CRN 31098-29-0 CMF C12 H24 N2 Si2

RN 296762-62-4 HCAPLUS
CN Silanol, [1,4-phenylenetis[(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-5,1-trisiloxanediyl)-4,1-phenylene]]bis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-trimethylsilanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 296762-61-3 CMF C34 H62 O6 Si8

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

Ме

\_\_Si-\_Me

ОН

CM 2

PENG 10/054970 Page 26

CRN 31098-29-0 CMF C12 H24 N2 Si2

NMe2

Me Si C C C Si Me

Me Me Me

RN 296762-64-6 HCAPLUS

Silanol, [(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)bis[4,1-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-5,1-trisiloxanediyl)-4,1-phenylene]bis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-(1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diyl)bis[N,N,1,1-tetramethylsilanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 296762-63-5 CMF C46 H84 C8 Sill

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 31098-29-0 CMF C12 H24 N2 Si2

296762-65-7 HCAPLUS RN

Poly[oxy(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3-CN tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diyl(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CN

296762-66-8 HCAPLUS RN

hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3disiloxanediyl)-1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diyl(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

296762-67-9 HCAPLUS RN CN

hexamethyl-1,5-trisiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl-1,5trisiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,3butadiyne-1,4-diyl(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

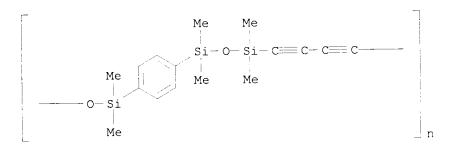
PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

. . . . . .

RN 296763-38-7 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 2754-32-7, 1,4-Bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with bis(dimethylamino)dimethylsilane)

RN 2754-32-7 HCAPLUS

CN Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
Me
Si Me
OH
OH
Me-Si
```

L34 ANSWER 8 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2000:66168 HCAPLUS

DN 132:208238

TI Regio- and Stereocontrolled Hydrosilylation Polyaddition Catalyzed by RhI(PPh3)3. Syntheses of Polymers Containing (E)- or (Z)-Alkenylsilane Moleties

AU Mori, Atsunori; Takahisa, Eisuke; Kajiro, Hiroshi; Nishihara, Yasushi; Hiyama, Tamejiro

CS Research Laboratory of Resources Utilization, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagatsuta Yokohama, 226-8503, Japan

SO Macromolecules (2000), 33(4), 1115-1116 CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Bis (dimethylsilyl) benzene monomers and model compds. were synthesized. Stereodivergent syntheses of E- and Z-polymers with alkenylsilane moiety were conducted by hydrosilylation polyaddn. using diethynylbenzene and bis (dimethylsilyl) benzene catalyzed by RhI (PPh3)3. The E/Z ratios of the polymers (and 2 model monomers) were detd. and all products were fully characterized by spectroscopic methods. This synthetic pathway is a strong tool to study the relationship of polymer properties with the stereochem. of vinylene moieties.

diethynylbenzene dimethylsilylbenzene hydrosilylation polyaddn stereochem; alkenylsilane moiety cis trans polymer synthesis; methylsilylbenzene monomer prepn hydrosilylation polyaddn diethynylbenzene; polyarylenealkenylene polycarbosilane cis trans hydrosilylation polyaddn

IT Polycarbosilanes

Polycarbosilanes

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (polyarylenealkenylene-; stereodivergent syntheses of E- and Z-polyarylenealkenylenes with alkenylsilane moiety by hydrosilylation polyaddn.)

IT Poly(arylenealkenylenes)
 Poly(arylenealkenylenes)

RI: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (polycarbosilane-; stereodivergent syntheses of E- and Z-polyarylenealkenylenes with alkenylsilane moiety by hydrosilylation polyaddn.)

IT Hydrosilylation catalysts

(prepn. and polymn. of (dimethylsilyl)benzene-based monomers)

IT Monomers
RL: RCT (Reactant

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and polymn. of (dimethylsilyl)benzene-kased monomers)

(stereodivergent syntheses of E- and Z-polyarylenealkenylenes with alkenylsilane moiety by hydrosilylation polyaddn.)

260365-76-2P

RL: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP .Preparation.)

(model compd.; prepn. and polymn. of (dimethylsilyl)benzene-based monomers)

260365-73-9P 13315-16-7P, 1,3-Bis (dimethyls:1yl)benzene PL: FCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); FREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer; prepn. and polymn. of (dimethyls:lyl)benzene-based monomers)

14973-90-1, Iodotris(triphenylphosphine)rhcdium

PL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(prepn. and polymn. of (dimethylsilyl)ber.zene-based monomers)

108-36-1, 1,3-Dibromobenzene 536-74-3, Phenylethyne 766-77-8, 935-14-8, 1,4-Diethynylbenzene 1066-35-9, Dimethylphenylsilane Chlorodimethylsilane 2488-01-9, 1,4-Bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and polymn. of (dimethylsilyl)benzene-based monomers)

260365-79-5P 260365-80-8P 260365-78-4F 260365-77-3P 260365-81-9P 260365-82-0P **260365-83-1P** 260365-84-2P 260365-88-6P

RL: FRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation)

(stereodivergent syntheses of E- and Z-polyarylenealkenylenes with alkenylsilane moiety by hydrosilylation polyaddn.)

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260365-77-3P 260365-83-1P

RL: PPP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

## (Preparation)

(stereodivergent syntheses of E- and Z-polyarylenealkenylenes with alkenylsilane moiety by hydrosilylation polyaddn.)

260365-77-3 HCAPLUS RN

Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-diethynylbenzene CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

2 CM

CRN 935-14-8 CMF C10 H6

260365-83-1 HCAPLUS

RN Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,3-diethynylbenzene CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

CM 2

CRN 1785-61-1 CMF C10 H6

 $HC \longrightarrow C$ 

L34 ANSWER 9 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

1998:69403 HCAPLUS AN

DN 128:115330

ΤI Efficient Zirconocene-Coupling of Silicon-Substituted Diynes to Polymers and Macrocycles

ΑU Mao, Shane S. H.; Liu, Feng-Quan; Tilley, T. Don

CS Department of Chemistry, University of California, Berkeley, CA, 94720-1460, USA

Cournal of the American Chemical Society (1998), 120(6), 1193-1206 SO CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PΒ American Chemical Society

Journal DT

LA English

CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 78 AB The zirconocene-coupling of dignes with internal silicon substituents, MeC.tplbond.CMe2SiArSiMe2C.tplbond.CMe (Ar = 1.4-C6H4; 1.3-C6H4; Ar = 4,4'-C6H4C6H4), generates regiospecific polymers contg. zirconacyclopentadiene in the main chain. These organometallic polymers hydrolyze cleanly to butadienediyl polymers of the type [Me2SiArSiMe2CH:CMeCMe:CH]n and other polymer reacts with iodine to give the iodine-contg. polymer [1,4-Me2SiC6H4SiMe2C(I):CMeCMe:C(I)]n. The organometallic polymers undergo facile and high-yield degrdns. to macrocycles under mild conditions (refluxing THF soln.). The size and shape of the resulting macrocycles depend upon the nature of the diyne spacer group. Thus, polymers contg. parallel diyne units convert to the trimeric macrocycles [Me2SiArSiMe2C4Me2ZrCp2]3 (Ar = 1,4-C6H4; Ar = 4,4'-C6H4C6H4), while other polymers gives the dimeric macrocycle [1,3-Me2SiC6H4SiMe2C4Me2ZrCp2]2. The dimeric macrocycle [Me2SiC6H4SiMe2C6H4SiMe2C4Me2ZrCp2]2 was obtained directly from the zirconocene coupling of Me2Si[(1,4-C6H4)SiMe2(C.tplbond.CMe)]2 by heating the reaction mixt. to reflux. In a similar manner, the diyne Me2Si(C.tplbond.CMe)2 was converted in high yield to the hexameric macrocycle [Me2SiC4Me2ZrCp2]6. The macrocycles, [1,4-Me2SiC6H4SiMe2C4Me2H2]3 and others were characterized by single-crystal X-ray crystallog. Mols. of one of the macrocycles adopt a nearly planar C3 macrocyclic structure with a cavity described by an av. transannular Si.cntdot..cntdot..cntdot.Si distance of 13.2 .ANG., while the other hydrolyzed macrocycle has a chair conformation. This conformation change results from conversion of cis diene groups in the zirconacyclopentadiene fragments to trans diene groups in. The high-yield formation of macrocycles apparently results from the reversible nature of the alkyne-coupling reaction, which allows for a low-energy pathway to the smallest macrocycle possessing minimal ring strain.

```
ST
     zirconocene coupling silicon substituted diyne; polymeric zirconocene
     silicon substituted diyne
ΙT
     Bond angle
        (carbon-carbon-carbon; efficient zirconocene-coupling of
        silicon-substituted diynes to polymers and macrocycles)
TΤ
     Bond angle
        (carbon-silicon-carbon; efficient zirconocene-coupling of
        silicon-substituted dignes to polymers and macrocycles)
ΙT
     Bond angle
        (carbon-mirconium-carbon; efficient zirconocene-coupling of
        silicon-substituted diynes to polymers and macrocycles)
     Bond length
        (carbon-zirconium; efficient zirconocene-coupling of
        silicon-substituted diynes to polymers and macrocycles)
ΙT
     Polymer chains
        (conformation; efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted
        diynes to polymers and macrocycles)
IΤ
     Crystal structure
     Polymerization
        (efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted dignes to
        polymers and macrocycles)
     Macrocyclic compounds
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted divnes to
        polymers and macrocycles)
ΙT
     Polysilanes
     Polysilanes
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polyacetylene-; efficient zirconocene-coupling of
        silicon-substituted diynes to polymers and macrocycles)
ΙT
     Polyacetylenes, preparation
       Polyacetylenes, preparation
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polysilane-; efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted
        dignes to polymers and macrocycles)
     201603-74-9P 201603-75-0P 201603-76-1P
ΤТ
                                                  201603-77-2P
                                                                 201603-78-3P
     201603-79-4P 201603-80-7P 201603-81-8P
                                                  201603-82-9P
                                                                 201603-83-0P
     201658-51-7P 201658-52-8P 201658-54-0P
                                                  201658-59-5P
                                                                 201658-62-0P
     201658-65-3P 201658-68-6P 201658-70-0P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted dignes to
        polymers and macrocycles)
ΙT
     201658-57-3P
     PL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (model compd.; efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted
        diynes to polymers and macrocycles)
ΤТ
     163086-42-8P
                    201603-70-5P
                                   201603-71-6P 201603-72-7P
                                                                 201603-73-8P
     201798-27-8P
                    201798-30-3P
     PL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); PACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (monomer; efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted diynes
        to polymers and macrocycles)
IΤ
     1078-97-3P 2615-23-8P 16165-95-0P 17937 4€-1P 74606-84-1P
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201603-69-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(starting material; efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted dignes to polymers and macrocycles)

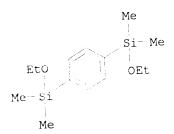
2615-23-8P IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(starting material; efficient zirconocene-coupling of silicon-substituted diynes to polymers and macrocycles)

Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[ethoxydimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) RN CN



L34 ANSWER 10 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

1997:753736 HCAPLUS MA

128:89192 DNJ

Functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers ΤТ

ETH-Zentrum, Eidgenossische Technische Hochschule Zurich, Laboratorium für Uhlig, Wolfram ΑU CS Anorganische Chemie, CH-8092 Zurich, Switz.

Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1997), 545-546, 281-289 SO CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X

Elsevier Science S.A. PΒ

Journal DT

German LA

35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

CC Novel poly(silyleneacetylenes), poly(silylenemethylenes), and poly(silylenephenylenes) with a regular alternating structure in the AΒ polymer backbone have been prepd. by reductive coupling of special substituted silyl triflates or chlorides with potassium-graphite or by ring-opening polymn. of 1,3-disilacyclobutanes. The functionalization of these polymers with F3CSO3H and following reactions with Grignard reagents, amines, or lithium tetrahydridoaluminate gave novel polymeric derivs. The protodesilylation reaction could be controlled by using different leaving groups (Ph, p-tolyl, or p-anisyl groups). In this way, the regular structure of the polymer backbone could be kept during the functionalization reactions. Novel network polymers have been obtained by intermol. hydrosilylation reactions of the modified polymer derivs. The polymers were characterized by NMR spectroscopy (29Si, 13C, 1H).

polysilylene functionalization crosslinking; polyacetylenesilylene prepn crosslinking; polyphenylenesilylene triflate deriv; polysilylenemethylene prepn crosslinking

Crosslinking

(functionalization and crosslinking of organosilizon polymers)

```
Polycarbosilanes
TT
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers)
     Polysilanes
IT
     Polysilanes
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (polyacetylene-; functionalization and crosslinking of
        organosilicon polymers)
ΤТ
     Polysilanes
     Polysilanes
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (polyphenyl-; functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon
        polymers)
     Polyacetylenes, preparation
IT
       Polyacetylenes, preparation
     Polyphenyls
     Polyphenyls
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (polysilane-; functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon
        polymers)
                                            37367-99-0, Potassium graphite
     16941-12-1, Hexachloroplatinic acid
IΤ
      RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
         (catalyst; in functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon
        polymers)
                                      75-01-4, Vinyl chloride, reactions
      74-89-5, Methylamine, reactions
TΨ
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (crosslinking agent; functionalization and crosslinking of
         organosilicon polymers)
                     201135-92-4DP, reaction products with
     123438-61-9P
 ΤТ
      trifluoromethanesulfonic acid 201135-92-4P 201135-95-7P
      201135-96-8DP, reaction products with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid
                     201135-98-0DP, reaction products with
      201135-97-9P
                                                    201135-99-1DP, reaction
      trifluoromethanesulfonic acid 201135-98-0P
      products with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid 201135-99-1P
      201136-01-8DP, reaction products with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid
                                                201136-07-4DP,
                     201136-04-1P 201136-06-3P
      201136-01-8P
      reaction products with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid
                                                            201136-07-4P
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers)
      123438-61-9DP, reaction products with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid
 TΤ
      201135-97-9DP, reaction products with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid
      201136-04-1DP, reaction products with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid
      201136-06-3DP, reaction products with trifluoromethanesulfonic
      acid
      RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
          (functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers)
      1493-13-6DP, Triflic acid, reaction products with organosilicon polymers
 IT
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
       (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
          (functionalizing agent; functionalization and crosslinking of
         organosilicon polymers)
       16853-85-3, Lithium aluminum hydride
 ΤТ
       RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
```

(in functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers) 192461-52-2P 201136-02-9P ΙT

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Feactant or reagent)

(monomer precursor; functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers) 108-86-1,

106-37-6, 1,4-Dibromokenzene 106-38-7, p-Tolyl bromide Phenyl bromide, reactions 124-40-3, Dimethylamine, reactions ΙT Ethynyl chloride 1628-00-8, 1,3-Dichloro-1,3-dimethyl-1,3disilacyclobutane 2)1135-94-6 201136-03-0 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (monomer starting material; functionalization and crosslinking of

organosilicon polymers)

201135-93-5F **201136-05-2P** 201135-91-3P IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer; functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers)

201136-06-3P IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers)

201136-06-3 HCAPLUS

Methanesulfonic acid, trifluoro-, 1,4-phenylenebis[methyl(4-RN methoxyphenyl)silylene] ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM

CRN 201136-05-2 CMF C24 H24 F6 O8 S2 S12

201136-06-3DP, reaction products with trifluoromethanesulfonic IT

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers)

201136-06-3 HCAPLUS

Methanesulfonic acid, trifluoro-, 1,4-phenylenebis[methyl(4-RN methoxyphenyl)silylene] ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

1 CM

CRN 201136-05-2

CMF C24 H24 F6 O8 S2 Si2

IT 201136-05-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer; functionalization and crosslinking of organosilicon polymers)

RN 201136-05-2 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonic acid, trifluoro-, 1,4-phenylenebis[methyl(4-

methoxyphenyl)silylene] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 11 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1997:679910 HCAPLUS

DN 127:307415

TI Using Hydrosilylation to Assemble Organometallic Polymers Containing Combinations of Silicon-Based Functional Groups

AU Kuhnen, Thomas; Ruffolo, Ralph; Stradiotto, Mark; Ulbrich, Dagmar;

Kuhnen, Thomas; Ruffolo, Ralph; Stradiotto, Mark; Ulbrich, Dagm McGlinchey, Michael J.; Brook, Michael A.

CS Department of Chemistry, McMaster University, Hamilton, ON, L8S 4M1, Can.

SO Organometallics (1997), 16(23), 5042-5047 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

As set of Si-based monomers was prepd. by hydrosilylation reactions. These compds. serve as a mol. set of organosilicon compds. from which well-defined oligomers can be assembled. The org. functional groups contained in the monomers include alkynes (e.g. Ph2SiHCH2CH2CH2SiMe2C.tplbond.CSiMe3), diynes (e.g. H2C:CHCH2SiMe2C.tplbond.CC.tplbond.CSiMe2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2), and arylsilanes (e.g. p-{Me3SiC.tplbond.CSiMe2CH2CH2CH2SiMe2)2C6H4} for use as ligands for

ST

ΙT

ΙT

ΙΤ

ΙT

ΙT

ΙT

ΙT

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transition metals, and also disiloxanes (e.g.
    O(SiMe2CH2CH2CH2SiMe2C.tplbond.CSiMe3)2). Depending upon the catalyst
    (Wilkinson's - (Ph3P)3RhCl, or Karstedt's - Pt2[(CH2:CHSiMe2)20]3) and
    temp. used, it was possible to prep. sym. or asym. mols. from Ph2SiH2.
    The direct polymn. of these small mols. was limited by the degree to which
    the concr. of functional groups could be matched; decamers were the
    highest mol. wt. materials prepd. (e.g. Ph2Si[CH2CH2CH2SiMe2C.tplbond.CSiM
    e2CH2CH2CH2S:Ph2]n). These fragments were also oligomerized with a
    HSi-terminated silicone to give a functional organosilicone polymer,
    [Me2SiCH2CH2CH2SiMe2C.tplbond.CSiMe2CH2CH2[SiMe2O]n]m, of mol. wt.
    .hivin.Mw = 140,000.
    unsatd silane hydrosilylation oligomer polymer formation; silicone
    hydrosilylation allylsilylethynylsilane
    Hydrosilylation
       (for prepn. of oligomers and polymers using unsatd.-alkyl silanes)
    Polymerization
       (oligomerization; of (allylsilylethynyl)silane with hydrogen-terminated
       silicone or with diphenylsilane)
    Polysiloxanes, preparation
    Polysilomanes, preparation
    Polysiloxanes, preparation
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
       (polyacetylene-polycarbosilane-; prepn. via hydrosilylation
       of hydrogen-terminated silicone with bis(allyldimethylsilyl)
       acetylene)
    Polycarbosilanes
    Polycarbosilanes
    Polycarbosilanes
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (polyacetylene-siloxane-; prepn. via hydrosilylation of
       hydrogen-terminated silicone with bis(allyldimethylsilyl)
       acetylene)
    Polyacetylenes, preparation
      Polyacetylenes, preparation
      Polyacetylenes, preparation
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (polycarbosilane-siloxane-; prepn. via hydrosilylation of
       hydrogen-terminated silicone with bis(allyldimethylsilyl)
       acetylene)
    Polysilomanes, preparation
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. via hydrosilylation of hydrogen-terminated silicone with
       bis(allyldimethylsilyl)acetylene)
     Silanes
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (unsatd.-alkyl; for prepn. of oligomers and polymers via
       hydrosilylation)
     1066-54-2, (Trimethylsilyl)ethyne
IT
    RL: RCT (Feactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (for prepn. of (allylsilylethynyl)silane)
                                             87-68-3, Hexachlorobutadiene
    79-01-6, Trichloroethylene, reactions
IT
     4028-23-3, Allyldimethylchlorosilane
    PL: FCT (Feactant); RACT (Feactant or reagent)
        (for prepn. of unsatd.-alkyl silanes for hydrosilylations)
               3277-26-7, 1,1,3,3-Tetramethyldisiloxane 115254-29-0
    2488-01-9
ΙT
    RL: FCT (Peactant); PACT (Feactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation with (allylsilylethynyl)silane)
                           592-41-6, 1-Hexene, reactions
ΙT
     100-42-5, reactions
```

```
PL: FCT (Reactant); PACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosily lation\ with\ (sily let hyr.ylsily lpropyl) diphenylsilane)
     1631-83-0, Diphenylchlorosilane
ΙT
     FL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation with bis(allyldimethylsilyl)acetylene)
     775-12-2, Diphenylsilane
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Feactant); PACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation with unsatd.-alkyl silanes)
     154714-08-6P, Bis(allyldimethylsilyl) acetylene
                                                       197384-70-6P.
ΙT
     1,4-Eis(allyldimethylsilyl)-1,3-butadiyne
     FL: FCT (Feactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and hydrosilylation of)
     197384-63-7P, Allyldimethyl(trimethylsilylethynyl)silane 197384-64-8P,
TT
     (3-(Diphenylsilyl)propyl)dimethyl(trimethylsilylethynyl)silane
     RL: RCT (Feactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and hydrosilylation reactions of)
     197384-74-0P, Bis((3-(diphenylsilyl)propyl)dimethylsilyl)acetylene
IΤ
     RL: RCT (Peactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and hydrosilylation with (allylsilylethynyl)silane)
     197384-65-9P, Bis(3-(dimethyl(trimethylsilylethynyl)silyl)propyl)diphenyls
IT
            197384-66-0P, (3-(Dimethyl(trimethylsilylethynyl)silyl)propyl)(hex
     yl)diphenylsilane 197384-67-1P, (3-(Dimethyl(trimethylsilylethynyl)silyl
     )propyl)diphenyl(2-phenylethyl)silane 197384-68-2P, 1,3-Bis(3-
     (dimethyl(trimethylsilylethynyl)silyl)propyl)-1,1,3,3-
     tetramethyldisilcxane 197384-69-3P 197384-71-7P
     Bis(:3-(chlorodiphenylsilyl)propyl)dimethylsilyl)acetylene
     197384-73-9P, p-Bis((3-(dimethyl(trimethylsilylethynyl)silyl)propyl)dimeth
                       197384-75-1P 197384-76-2P
                                                     197384-77-3P
     ylsilyl)benzene
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
ΙT
     2488-01-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation with (allylsilylethynyl)silane)
RN
     2488-01-9 HCAPLUS
     Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
               SiHMe2
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L34 ANSWER 12 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
     1997:617458 HCAPLUS
     127:293801
DN
     Acetylene linkage-containing silicon polymers, their
     manufacture, and cured products of the polymers
     Sugimoto, Toshiya; Fujisaka, Tomohiro; Okada, Kazuhiro; Yamaguchi, Bunji
ΙN
PΑ
     Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
```

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LA Japanese
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IC ICM C08G077-52

ICS C08G077-50
35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

FAN.CNT 1

CC

TAN CAL I							
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
	JP 09241383	A2	19970916	JP 1996-49078	19960306		
PRAI	JP 1996-49078		19960306				
GI							

Ι

ΙI

AB Polymers having structural units I and II linked by oxygen and having wt.-av. mol. wt. >500 are synthesized (R1, R2 = H, C1-20 alkyl, C6-12 aryl, SiR33, SiR43; R3, R4 = H, C1-20 alkyl, C6-12 aryl; a, b = 0, 1-19; Y1, Y2 = C6-30 arylene). The polymers can be crosslinked by heat, light, or electron beam. A polymer was prepd. from 1,3-bis(hydroxydiphenylsilylethynyl)benzene and 1,4-bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene.

ST polysiloxane acetylene contg synthesis

IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (acetylene linkage-contg. silicon polymers manuf. and cured products)

IT **196960-36-8P** 196960-37-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(acetylene linkage-contg. silicon polymers manuf. and cured products)

IT 196960-36-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(acetylene linkage-contg. silicon polymers manuf. and cured products)

RN 196960-36-8 HCAPLUS

CN Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with (1,4-phenylenedi-2,1-ethynediyl)bis[diphenylsilanol], block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 180797-46-0 CMF C34 H26 O2 Si2

CM 2

CRN 2754-32-7 CMF C10 H18 O2 Si2

L34 ANSWER 13 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1997:587738 HCAPLUS

DN 127:248560

TI Heat-resistant silicon compounds and their manufacture

IN Yamaguchi, Bunji; Fujisaka, Tomohiro; Okada, Kazuhiro

PA Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C08G077-52

CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI JP 09227689 A2 19970902 JP 1996-38032 19960226
PRAI JP 1996-38032 19960226

The Si compds. show wt.-av. mol. wt. 500-1.0 .times. 107 and have units R12SiC.tplbond.CYC.tplbond.CSiR12 and R22SiYSiR22 (R1, R2 = H, C1-20 alkyl, C6-12 aryl; Y = C6-30 arylene) which are bonded via 1 oxygen. The process contains dehydration or hydrolysis and condensation of diethynylarylene derivs. Z1R12SiC.tplbond.CYC.tplbond.CSiR12Z1 and arylene derivs. Z1R22SiYSiR22Z1 (F1, R2, Y are same as above; Z1 = OH, alkoxy, halo). The process contains polycondensation of (i) R3OR12SiC.tplbond.CYC.tplbond.CSiR12OR3 and Z2R12SiYSiR12Z2 (sic), (ii)

ST

ΙT

ΙT

ΙT

IT

IΤ

RN

CN

CRN 180797-46-0 CMF C34 H26 O2 Si2

```
Z2R12SiC.tplbond.CYC.tplbond.CSiR12Z2 and R12(R30)SiYSiR12OR3 (sic), or
 (iii) R12(R30)SiC.tplbond.CYC.tplbond.CSiR12%2 and R12(R30)SiYSiR12%2
 (sic) (R1-R3, Y are same as above; 22 = dialkylamino, acetamide). A
 compd. obtained by curing the Si compds. with heat, light, or elec. ray
 are also claimed. Thus, 1.66 g 1,4-bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene and
 3.77 g 1,4-bis(hydroxydiphenylsilylethynyl)benzene were treated at
 150\text{--}200.\text{degree.} in PhMe in the presence of a catalyst obtained from 0.1
 mol 2-ethylhexanoic acid and 0.1 mcl 1,1,3,3-tetramethylguanidine to give
 a copolymer showing T5 366.degree. and T10 484.degree. [5% and 10\% wt.
 decrease (T5, T10) by heating up from 30.degree. to 800.degree. at speed
 10.degree./min], and wt. retention at 800.degree. 30%. The copolymer was
 cast at 120.degree. to give a cured body showing Young's modulus in
 flexure 3.8 GPa.
 ethynylarylene silyl deriv copolymer prepn; arylene silyl deriv copolymer
 prepn; hydroxydimethylsilyl benzene copolymer prepn heat resistance;
 hydrcxydiphenylsilylethynyl benzene copolymer prepn heat resistance;
 polycarbosilane polysiloxane prepn heat resistance
 Polysiloxanes, preparation
 Polysiloxanes, preparation
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
       (polycarbosilane-; prepn. of heat-resistant Si compds. from
       diethynylarylenes and arylenes)
Heat-resistant materials
       (prepn. of heat-resistant Si compds. from diethynylarylenes and
      arylenes)
Polycarbosilanes
Polycarbosilanes
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PFF (Properties); PEEP (Preparation)
       (siloxane-; prepn. of heat-resistant Si compds. from diethynylarylenes
      and arylenes)
195512-31-3P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
 (Preparation)
       (prepn. of heat-resistant Si compds. from diethynylarylenes and
      arylenes)
195512-31-3P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
(Preparation)
      (prepn. of heat-resistant Si compds. from diethynylarylenes and
      arylenes)
195512-31-3 HCAPLUS
Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with (1,4-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-phenylenedi-2,1-pheny
ethynediyl)bis[diphenylsilanol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
         1
CM
```

Ph

C- C-Si OH

Ph

Ph

Ph

Ph

CM 2

Ph

CRN 2754-32-7 CMF C10 H18 O2 Si2

Me Si-Me OH Me-Si Me

L34 ANSWER 14 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1997:140494 HCAPLUS

DN 126:144969

TI Crosslinked siloxanes with improved photoreactivity, moldability, heat resistance, and flame retardance and their preparation methods

IN Yamaguchi, Bunji; Fujisaka, Tomohiro; Okada, Kazuhiro

PA Sekisui Chemical Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C08G077-00

CC 37-3 (**Plastics** Manufacture and Processing)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI JP 08325379 A2 19961210 JP 1995-133710 19950531
PRAI JP 1995-133710 19950531

The title siloxanes exhibit wt.-av. mol. wt. .gtoreq.500 and comprise units of SiR1R2YSiR3R4O and R5SiO3 (R1-5 = H, C1-20 alkyl, C6-12 aryl; Y = alkylene, vinylene, acetylene, phenylene, O, divalent org. Si groups, and divalent groups contg. the above groups other than an O-O bond). A prepn. method comprises polycondensation of HOSiR1R2YR3R4OH and trifunctional silane derivs. R5SiZ3 (R1-5 = same as above; Z = halo, dialkylamino, ureido) and dehydration and condensation of the residual silanol groups. Thus, adding dropwise 1 mol% MeSi(NMe2)3 in PhMe to 5 g p-HOSiMe2C6H4SiMe2OH, refluxing for 4 h, adding a PhOH soln. contg. 2-ethylhexanoic acid and hexylamine, polycondensation for 3 h, and pptn.

in MeOH gave a polymer with mol. wt. 51,000 having units of p-SiMe2C6H4SiMe2O and MeSiO3. ST crosslinked siloxane methylaminomethylsilane hydroxydimethylsilylbenzene rolymn ΙT Heat-resistant materials (manuf. of crosslinked siloxanes with improved photoreactivity and moldability and heat and fire resistance) IT Polysiloxanes, preparation RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of crosslinked siloxanes with improved photoreactivity and moldability and heat and fire resistance) TΤ Polymeri:ation (of bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene and tris(dimethylamino)methylsilan e for crosslinked siloxanes with improved photoreactivity and moldability and heat and fire resistance) TΤ Crosslinking agents (trifunctional silanes; manuf. of crosslinked siloxanes with improved photoreactivity and moldability and heat and fire resistance) ΙT Silanes RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (trifunctional, crosslinking agents; manuf. of crosslinked siloxanes with improved photoreactivity and moldability and heat and fire resistance) ΤТ 186652-21-1P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PPP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of crosslinked siloxanes with improved photoreactivity and moldability and heat and fire resistance) TT 186652-21-1P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PFP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of crosslinked siloxanes with improved photoreactivity and moldability and heat and fire resistance) RN 186652-21-1 HCAPLUS CN Silanol, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with heptamethylsilanetriamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 3768-57-8 CMF C7 H21 N3 Si NMe2 Me<sub>2</sub>N-si-Me NMe<sub>2</sub> СМ 2 CRN 2754-32-7 CMF C10 H18 O2 Si2

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L34 ANSWER 15 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     1996:562240 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     125:248645
TΙ
     Inorganic-organic borocarbosilicate based hybrid polymers containing
     diacetylenic functionalities
ΑU
     Sundar, Raj A.; Keller, Teddy M.
CS
     Chemistry Division, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, DC, 20375-5320,
     USA
SO
     Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer
     Chemistry) (1996), 37(2), 301-302
     CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934
PΒ
    American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
AΒ
     Polymers contg. boroxane and Si and diacetylenic units in the
     backbone were synthesized from PhB(OH)2, Ph2SiCl2 [or 1,4-
     bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)benzene], and 1,4-dilithiobutadiyne and their
     structures were characterized using FTIR and 13C NMR spectroscopies.
     Thermal and thermal oxidative degrdn. studies were carried out.
     borocarbosilicate polymer prepn degrdn; polydiacetylene
ST
     polysilphenylene boroxane; silicon contg boroxane polyacetylene
IT
     Boroxanes
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
     SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC
     (Process)
        (silicon-contg.; inorg.-org. borocarbosilicate-based hybrid polymers)
TΤ
     Polymer degradation
        (oxidative, of inorg.-org. borocarbosilicate-based hybrid polymers)
TΨ
     Polymer degradation
        (oxidative, thermal, of inorg.-org. borocarbosilicate-based hybrid
        polymers)
ΤТ
     Polyacetylenes, preparation
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
     SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC
        (polydiacetylenes, boroxane-, silicon-contq.; inorq.-orq.
        borocarbosilicate-based hybrid polymers)
ΙT
     Polycarbosilanes
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
     SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC
     (Process)
        (polysilphenylenes, boroxane-; inorg.-org. borocarbosilicate-based
        hybrid polymers)
ΙT
     182166-73-0P, 1,4-Bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)benzene-phenylboronic acid
     copolymer 182166-74-1P, 1,4-Bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)benzene-
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phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

TT

RN

CN

phenylboronic acid copolymer, SRU 182166-75-2P, Dichlorodiphenylsilane-1,4-dilithiobutadiyne-phenylboronic acid copolymer 182166-76-3P, 1,4-Bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)benzene-1,4-dilithiobutadiyne-phenylboronic acid copolymer RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (inorg.-org. borocarbosilicate-based hybrid polymers) 182166-74-1P, 1,4-Bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)benzene-phenylboronic acid copolymer, SRU RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process) (inorg.-org. borocarbosilicate-based hybrid polymers) 182166-74-1 HCAPLUS Poly[oxy(phenylborylene)oxy(dimethylsilylene)-1,4-

L34 ANSWER 16 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

1996:404644 HCAPLUS ΑN

125:60058 DN

Silicon-containing polymer cured products with good heat and fire TΙ resistance and manufacture thereof

Inoe, Koji; Iwata, Kenji; Mitsuzuka, Masahiko; Ito, Masayoshi IN

Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan PA

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

Japanese LΑ

ICM C08L083-04 ΙC

37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) CC

FAN.CNT 1

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. ----\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ JP 1994-231598 19940927 JP 08092482 A2 19960409 19940927 PRAI JP 1994-231598

The title products are obtained by reacting hydrosilane compds. With Si-contg. polymers of -Si(R1) HC.tplbond.CR2C.tplbond.C- (R1 = H, C1-30 alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, Ph, naphthyl; R2 = C1-30 alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, phenylene, naphthylene, with or without substituents such as halogens, OH group, amino group, carboxy group, etc.). A mixt. of 4.5 g poly(phenyleneethynylene-1,3-phenyleneethynylene) and 1.9 g 1,4-bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene was fused in N at 150.degree. then heated at 400.degree. for 1 h to obtain a cured product with 5% wt.-loss temp. (in Ar) 860.degree., O index (JIS K 7201) 51, and bending strength 27 MPa.

heat fire resistant carbosilane polymer ST

ΙT

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (silicon-contg. polymer cured products with good heat and fire resistance and manuf. thereof)

Heat-resistant materials ΙT

(fire-resistant, silicon-contg. polymer cured products with good heat and fire resistance and manuf. thereof)

Fire-resistant materials IT

(heat-resistant, silicon-contg. polymer cured products with good heat and fire resistance and manuf. thereof)

ΙT

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)

(silicon-contg. polymer cured products with good heat and fire resistance and manuf. thereof)

ΙT

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)

(silicon-contg. polymer cured products with good heat and fire resistance and manuf. thereof)

Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,3-diethynylbenzene and RN CN phenylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

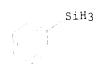
CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

2 CM

CRN 1785-61-1 CMF C10 H6

3 CM

CRN 694-53-1 CMF C6 H8 Si



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L34 ANSWER 17 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     1995:993242 HCAPLUS
     Polymeric Organosilicon Systems. 25. Preparation of Branched Polymers by
ΑN
     Regiospecific Hydrosilylation of Poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and Their
DN
ΥT
     Kunai, Atsutaka; Toyoda, Eiji; Nagamoto, Ikuko; Horio, Tomoyuki; Ishikawa,
     Faculty of Engineering, Hiroshima University, Higashi-Hiroshima, 739,
UΑ
CS
      Organometallics (1996), 15(1), 75-83
      CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333
 SO
      American Chemical Society
 PB
      Journal
 DT
      35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
 LΑ
      Regiospecific 1,2-hydrosilylation reactions of (dimethylsilylene)-,
 CC
      (methylphenylsilylene)-, and (diethylsilylene)diethynylene polymers with
      1,4-bis(methylphenylsilyl) benzene in the presence of a catalytic amt. of
 AΒ
      Rh6(CO) 16 afforded the resp. branched polymers with high mol. wts. in high
       yields. The rate of the hydrosilylation and degree of branching were
       found to be affected by polarity of the solvent, amts. of the catalyst,
       reaction temp., and concn. of the polymers. It was found that degrdn. of
       the resulting branched polymers and also starting polymers readily took
       place when they were treated with ethanol in the presence of
       triphenylphosphine. The reaction of poly[(tetramethyldisilanylene)diethyn
       ylene] with hydrosilanes in the presence of the rhodium(0) catalyst
       proceeded to give hydrosilylation products, but scission of the polymer
       chain was also obsd. A mechanism for the degrdn. of polymers is discussed
        on the basis of the results obtained for model compds.
        polyacetylene polycarbosilane hydrosilylation crosslinking
           (of model compds.; in relation to prepn. of branched polymers by
   ST
        Decomposition
           regiospecific hydrosilylation of poly[(silylene)diethynylenes])
   ΙT
           (of poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] by hydrosilylation)
        Crosslinking
   ΙT
           (prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of
        Hydrosilylation catalysts
           poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] in presence of rhodium compds.)
   IT
            (prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of
         Polymer degradation
    IT
            poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] in relation to)
         RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
    IT
         SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC
            (polyacetylene-, prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific
            hydrosilylation of poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)
         (Process)
         RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
    TT
```

```
SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC
        (polycarbosilane-, prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific
       hydrosilylation of poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)
    (Process)
                   172692-36-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
TT
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (model compd.; prepn. of branched polymers by regicspecific
        hydrosilylation of poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)
     103716-76-3P 172692-37-4P 172692-38-5P 172692-39-6P 172692-40-9P
IΤ
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (model compd.; prepn. cf branched polymers by regiospecific
        hydrosilylation of poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)
      617-86-7DP, Triethylsilane, reaction products with
     poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] 3902-54-3DP, reaction products
      with poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] 128359-07-9DP, Dichlorodimethylsilane-
 IT
      1,4-dilithio-1,3-butadiyne copolymer, reaction products with silanes
      128359-08-0DP, Dichloromethylphenylsilane-1,4-dilithio-1,3-butadiyne
      copolymer, reaction products with silanes 128599-08-6DP,
      Dichlorodimethyls:lane-1,4-dilithio-1,3-butadiyne copolymer, SRU, reaction
                             128599-09-7DP, Dichloromethylphenylsilane-1,4-
      dilithio-1,3-butadiyne copolymer, SFU, reaction products with silanes
       128599-15-5DP, 1,2-Dichlorotetramethyldisilane-1,4-dilithio-1,3-butadiyne
       copolymer, SRU, reaction products with silanes
       1,2-Dichlorotetramethyldisilane-1,4-dilithio-1,3-butadiyne copolymer,
       reaction products with silanes 140391-12-4DP, Dichlorodiethylsilane-1,4-dilthio-1,3-butadiyne copolymer, reaction products with silanes
       140391-19-1DP, Dichlorodiethylsilane-1,4-dilithio-1,3-butadiyne copolymer,
       RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
       SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC
           (prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of
        (Process)
           poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)
        87-68-3, Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene 106-37-6, 1,4-Likromobenzene
        149-74-6, Dichloromethylphenylsilane 1560-28-7,
                                   1631-82-9, Chloromethylphenylsilane
   ΙT
        Chloropentamethyldisilane
        4526-06-1, (Trimethylsilyl)butadiyne
        RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
           (prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of
           poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)
         3902-54-3P, 1,4-Bis (methylphenylsilyl) benzene
         RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
   TΤ
         (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
            (prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of
            poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)
         14874-82-9, (Acetylacetonato) dicarbonylrhodium 28407-51-4,
         Hexadecacarbonylhexarhodium
    IT
             (prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of
         RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
            poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] in presence of)
          64-17-5, Ethanol, uses
             (prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of
          RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
     IT
             poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] in presence of rhodium catalyst and)
          3902-54-3DP, reaction products with Foly[(silylene)diethynylenes]
          RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
```

SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC

(Process)

(prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)

RN 3902-54-3 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[methylphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ph

IT 3902-54-3P, 1,4-Bis(methylphenylsilyl)benzene

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of branched polymers by regiospecific hydrosilylation of poly[(silylene)diethynylenes] and their properties)

RN 3902-54-3 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[methylphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 18 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1995:864847 HCAPLUS

DN 124:57034

TI Polycarbosilanes, their preparation, and technical materials from them

IN Tanaka, Masato; Uchimaru, Juko

PA Kogyo Gijutsuin, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C07F007-08

ICS B01J031-22; B01J031-24; C08G077-60; H01B001-12

ICA C07B061-00

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

FAN.CNT 1

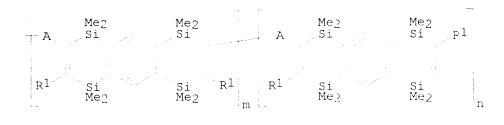
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PENG 10/054970 Page 52

PI JP 07179478 A2 19950718 JF 1994-245026 19941011
 JP 2500383 B2 19960529

PRAI JP 1994-245026 19941011

GI



Ι

The polycarbosilanes I [R1 = (cycle) alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; A = alkylene, arylene, aralkylene, oligosilylene, P2SiOSiR2, C6H4OC6H4, ferrocenylene, furylene, thienylene, pyridinediyl; E = alkyl; m, n - 0, integer; m + n .gtoreq. 1] are prepd. by treating 1,2,4,5-tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene (II) with diacetylenes R1C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.CR1 in the presence of Pt compds. Heat-resistant materials, preceramics, and electonductive materials contain the polycarbosilanes. Thus, II and 1,4-bis(phenylethynyl)benzene were mixed and kept 18 h at 30.degree. in the presence of Pt(CH2:CH2)(PPh3)2 to obtain 91% heat-resistant I (R1 = Ph; A = p-C6H4).

ST polycarbosilane heat resistance conductor preceramic; platinum catalyst methylsilylbenzene acetylene cycloaddn

IT Electric conductors, polymeric

(polycarbosilanes; prepn. of heat-resistant doped polycarbosilanes for elec. conductors)

IT Heat-resistant materials

(prepn. of heat-resistant polycarbosilanes for preceramics and elec. conductors)

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(tetrasilaanthracene ring-contg.; prepn. of heat-resistant polycarbosilanes for preceramics and elec. conductors)

IT 7705-08-0, Iron trichloride, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(dopant; prepn. of heat-resistant polycarbosilanes for elec. conductors)

IT 150566-64-6P 150566-65-7P 150566-66-8P

**163615-69-8P 163615-70-1P** 172307-73-2P 172307-74-3P

172307-75-4P 172307-76-5P 172307-77-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP

(Preparation)

(doped with ferric chloride; prepn. of heat-resistant polycarbosilanes for elec. conductors)

IT 12120-15-9

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of heat-resistant polycarbosilanes for preceramics and elec. conductors)

IT 163615-65-4P 172307-78-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of heat-resistant polycarbosilanes for preceramics and elec. conductors)

IT 150566-64-6P 150566-65-7P 150566-66-8P

163615-69-8P 163615-70-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP

(Preparation)

(doped with ferric chloride; prepn. of heat-resistant polycarbosilanes for elec. conductors)

RN 150566-64-6 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-di-1-octynylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 150566-63-5 CMF C22 H30

Me (CH<sub>2</sub>) = C == C

CM 2

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

RN 150566-65-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ferrocene, 1,1'-bis(phenylethynyl)-, polymer with 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 12100-65-1 CMF C26 H18 Fe

2 CM

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

150566-66-8 HCAPLUS RN

Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl-, polymer with CN 1,4-bis(phenylethynyl)benzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

CM 2

CRN 1849-27-0 CMF C22 H14

RN 163615-69-8 HCAPLUS Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl-, polymer with CN 2,5-bis(phenylethynyl)thiophene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 90267-18-8 CMF C20 H12 S

$$Ph-C = C \qquad S \qquad C = C - Ph$$

2 CM

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

163615-70-1 HCAPLUS RN Pyridine, 2,6-bis(phenylethynyl)-, polymer with 1,2,4,5-CN benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

CRN 83965-72-4 CMF C21 H13 N

CM

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4 Me2SiH SiHMe2

Me2SiH SiHMe2

## IT 163615-65-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of heat-resistant polycarbosilanes for preceramics and elec. conductors)

RN 163615-65-4 HCAPLUS

CN Disiloxane, 1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-di-1-propynyl-, polymer with 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 24602-60-6 CMF C10 H18 O Si2

Me Me
Me — C=== C-Si-O-Si-C== C-Me
Me Me Me

CM 2

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

Me2SiH SiHMe2
Me2SiH SiHMe2

L34 ANSWER 19 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1995:235197 HCAPLUS

DN 123:144262

TI Preparation of fluorosilyl-containing cyclic organosilicon compounds

IN Ito, Masayoshi; Uchiumi, Tetsuyoshi; Iwata, Kenji; Mitsuzuka, Masahiko; Tanaka, Masato; Uchimaru, Juko

PA Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan; Kogyo Gijutsuin

SC Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C07F007-12

ICA C07B061-00

CC 29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

FAN.CNT 1

TAIV. CIVI							
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	JP 06247986	A2	19940906	JP 1993-38598	19930226		
PRAI	JP 1993-38598		19930226				
OS	CASREACT 123:144	262; M	AFPAT 123:14426	2			
GT							

$$H(R^1)_2Si$$
  $Si(R^1)_2H$   $H(R^1)_2Si$   $Si(R^1)_2H$   $II$ 

- The title compds. I [R1-2 = C1-10 alkyl, alkenyl, (lower alkyl-, lower alkenyl-, lower alkexy-, or halo-substituted) Ph], useful as heat and fire-resistant polymers (no data), are prepd. by reaction of (hydrosilyl)benzenes II (R1 = same as I) with F(R2)2SiC.tplbond.CSi(R2)2F (III; R2 = same as I) in the presence of catalysts. II (R1 = Me) was treated with III (R2 = Me) in PhH in the presence of bis(dibenzylideneacetone)platinum(0) at 80.degree. for 2 h to give 46.3% I (R1-2 = Me).
- ST fluorosilyl cyclic organosilicon prepn; hydrosilylbenzene cycloaddn fluorosilylacetylene catalyst
- IT Cycloaddition reaction catalysts

Fire-resistant materials

Heat-resistant materials

(prepn. of fluorosilyl cyclic organosilicons by cycloaddn. of (hydrosilyl)benzenes with (fluorosilyl)acetylenes)

IT 7440-05-3D, Palladium, complexes 7440-18-8D, Ruthenium, complexes 35915-79-8, Bis(dibenzylideneacetone)platinum

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of fluorosilyl cyclic organosilicons by cycloaddn. of (hydrosilyl)benzenes with (fluorosilyl)acetylenes)

IT 159797-25-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of fluorosilyl cyclic organosilicons by cycloaddn. of (hydrosilyl)benzenes with (fluorosilyl)acetylenes)

IT 10095-29-1 156809-39-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of fluorosilyl cyclic organosilicons by cycloaddn. of (hydrosilyl)benzenes with (fluorosilyl)acetylenes)

IT 10095-29-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of fluorosilyl cyclic organosilicons by cycloaddn. of

(hydrosilyl) benzenes with (fluorosilyl) acetylenes)

RN 10095-29-1 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe<sub>2</sub>

L34 ANSWER 20 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1995:96664 HCAPLUS

DN 122:161798

Me<sub>2</sub>SiH

TI Preparation of cyclic hydrosilylation products of bis- and tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzenes and silylenebutadiynylenes

IN Uchimaru, Juko; Tanaka, Masato

SiHMep

PA Kogyo Gijutsuin, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C07F007-08

ICS C07F007-18; C08G077-60; H01B001-06

CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 57, 76

FAN.CNT 1

t MM · /	CNII				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 06092972	A2	19940405	JP 1992-266629	19920909
	JP 07053739	В4	19950607		
PRAI	JP 1992-266629		19920909		
OS	MARPAT 122:16179	8			
GT					

AB Compds. I (F1-3 = alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, aralkyl, aryloxy, halo; R4 = lower alkyl) are prepd. from butadiynes R1SiR2R3C.tplbond.CC.tplbond.CSiR1R2R3 and 1,2-bis(dialkylsilyl)benzenes in the presence of Pt catalysts. Poly(silylenebutadiynylenes) are reacted with 1,2-bis(dialkylsilyl)benzenes in the presence of a Pt catalyst to give polymers which contain units analogous to I and are useful as

heat-resistant or elec. conducting materials or as precursors of ceramic materials. Thus, II (m. 118-123.degree.; wt.-av. mol. wt. 4400; polydispersity 2.0) was prepd. as described above in the presence of (H2C:CH2)Pt(PPh3)2. A soln. of 1% II in toluene was spin coated on glass to give a coating showing elec. cond. 10-8 S/cm initially and 10-5 S/cm after doping with iodine vapor.

silylvinylacetylene deriv prepn diacetylene precursor;
polysilylenebutadiynylene hydrosilylation polysilylenebutenynylene prepn;
silaanthracene deriv polysilylenebutenynylene prepn; elec cond
polycarbosilane prepn; heat resistance polycarbosilane prepn; ceramic
manuf polycarbosilane precursor

IT Polymerization

(of bis(trimethylsilyl)butadiyne for hydrosilylation with bis- and tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzenes to give cyclic derivs)

IT Heat-resistant materials

(prepn. of cyclic hydrosilylation products of bis- and tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzenes and silylenebutadiynylenes as)

IT Ceramic materials and wares

(prepn. of cyclic hydrosilylation products of bis- and tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzenes and silylenebutadlynylenes as precursors of)

IT Electric conductors

(prepn. of cyclic hydrosilylation products of kis- and tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzenes and silylenebutadiynylenes for iodine-doped)

IT Polycarbosilanes

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of cyclic hydrosilylation products of bis- and tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzenes with silylenebutadiynylenes)

IT 4526-07-2, 1,4-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-1,3-butadiyne 128599-09-7 128599-15-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(hydrosilylation with bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene to cyclic deriv.)

IT 10095-29-1, 1,2,4,5-Tetrakis (dimethylsilyl) benzene 17985-72-7, 1,2-Bis (dimethylsilyl) benzene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(hydrosilylation with bis(trimethylsilyl)butadiyne to cyclic deriv.)

IT 160053-18-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. by cyclic hydrosilylation of bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene with bis(trimethylsilyl)butadiyne)

IT 160053-19-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. by cyclic hydrosilylation of bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene with silylenebutadiynylene group-contg. polymer)

128599-09-7DP, hydrosilylation products with tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzen e 128599-15-5DP, hydrosilylation products with tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of cyclic)

IT 10095-29-1, 1,2,4,5-Tetrakıs (dimethylsilyl) benzene

RL: RCT (Feactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (hydrosilylation with bis(trimethylsilyl)butadiyne to cyclic deriv.)

RN 10095-29-1 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SiHMeo

MegSiH

```
Me<sub>2</sub>SiH
L34 ANSWER 21 OF 34 HCAPLUS COFYRIGHT 2003 ACS
    1995:81035 HCAPLUS
AN
DN 122:315326
TI Bis(1,2-bissilylethylenes) and silicon-containing step ladder polymers and
    manufacture thereof and materials therefrom
IN
    Tanaka, Masato; Uchimaru, Juko
    Kogyo Gijutsuin, Japan
PA
SO
   Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
    Patent
DT
LA
     Japanese
     ICM C07F007-08
IC
     ICS B01J031-22; B01J031-24; C08G077-60; H01B001-12
ICA C07B061-00
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 57, 76
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     JP 05310752 A2 19931122
                                          JP 1992-266527 19920909
PΤ
     JP 07053738
                     B4 19950607
PRAI JP 1992-56709
                           19920207
     The title compds. are prepd. by reacting 1,2-bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene (I)
     with bisacetylenes or 1,2,4,5-tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene
     (II) with acetylenes in the presence of Pt compds. II
     polymerizes with bisacetylenes to prep. heat-resistant
     polycarbosilanes for preceramics. Thus, I reacted with
     1,4-bis(1-octynyl)benzene to prep. 1,4-bis[2-(5-benzo-1,1,4,4-tetramethyl-
     3-hexyl-1,4-disilacyclohexa-2,5-dienyl)]benzene.
     step ladder polymer polycarbosilane; methylsilylbenzene acetylene
ST
     addn reaction; silicon step ladder polymer
     Ceramic materials and wares
TI
        (Si-contg. ladder polymer precursors)
ΙT
     Heat-resistant materials
        (Si-contg. ladder polymers)
ΙT
     Semiconductor materials
        (doped Si-contg. ladder polymers)
IT
     Ladder polymers
```

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered

material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(of dimethylsilylbenzene with acetylenes)

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction with dimethylsilylbenzene)

(for preceramics and heat-resistant materials)

Polycarbosilanes

Hydrosilylation

Polymerization

Alkynes

ΤТ

IΤ

ΙT

(addn., tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene with bisacetylenes) IT 7705-08-0, Ferric chloride, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (dopants; doped elec. conductive Si-contg. ladder polymer) IT 150566-64-6P 150566-65-7P 150566-66-8P 163615-65-4P 163615-69-8P 163615-70-1P FL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (ladder polymer; for preceramics and heat-resistant materials) 150566-75-9P 150622-04-1P 163615-66-5P 163615-67-6P 150566-74-8P TT 163615-68-7P FL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of) TT 10095-29-1, 1,2,4,5-Tetrakis (dimethylsilyl) benzene FL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with acetylenes) 17985-72-7, 1,2-Bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene IT FL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with diacetylenes) IΤ 501-65-5, Diphenylacetylene 12100-65-1 24602-60-6 83965-72-4 90267-18-8 150566-63-5 PL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with dimethylsilylbenzene) ΙT 150566-64-6P 150566-65-7P 150566-66-8P 163615-65-4P 163615-69-8P 163615-70-1P FL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered 150566-64-6 HCAPLUS RN CN Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-di-1-octynylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 150566-63-5 CMF C22 H30 C== C-- (CH2)5 - Me  $Me^{-}(CH_2)_5 - C \equiv$ CM CRN 10095-29-1

Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe<sub>2</sub>
Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe<sub>2</sub>

CMF C14 H30 Si4

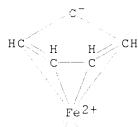
RN 150566-65-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ferrocene, 1,1'-bis(phenylethynyl)-, polymer with 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 12100-65-1 CMF C26 H18 Fe

C---- C - Ph



CM 2

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 S14

Me2SiH SiHMe2
Me2SiH SiHMe2

RN 150566-66-8 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-bis(phenylethynyl)benzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4 Me2SiH SiHMe2
Me2SiH SiHMe2

CM 2

CRN 1849-27-0 CMF C22 H14

$$C = C - Ph$$

RN 163615-65-4 HCAPLUS
CN Disiloxane, 1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-di-1-propynyl-, polymer with 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 24602-60-6 CMF C10 H18 O Si2

CM 2

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe<sub>2</sub>
Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe<sub>2</sub>

RN 163615-69-8 HCAPLUS
CN Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl-, polymer with 2,5-bis(phenylethynyl)thiophene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 90267-18-8 CMF C20 H12 S

2 CM

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H3) Si4

Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe2 SiHMeg MegSiH

163615-70-1 HCAPLUS RN

Pyridine, 2,6-bis(phenylethynyl)-, polymer with 1,2,4,5-CN benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 83965-72-4 CMF C21 H13 N

2 CM

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe2 SıHMe2 Me<sub>2</sub>SiH

10095-29-1, 1,2,4,5-Tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with acetylenes)

RN 10095-29-1 HCAPLUS

Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX CN

NAME)

```
Me2SiH SiHMe2
Me2SiH SiHMe2
```

L34 ANSWER 22 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN 1994:484125 HCAPLUS
DN 121:84125
TI Phenylenehis (silanediy) triflates) - new synthesis

TI Phenylenebis(silanediyl triflates) - new synthetic building blocks for variously structured organosilicon polymers

AU Uhliq, Wolfram

CS Laboratorium fuer Anorganische Chemie, ETH-Zentrum, Zurich, CH-8092, Switz.

SO Helvetica Chimica Acta (1994), 77(4), 972-80 CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018 019X

DT Journal

LA German

CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
 Section cross-reference(s): 29

AB Ortho-, meta-, and para-substituted phenylenebis(silanediyl triflates) are prepd. as new useful building blocks for the synthesis of polymers with a regular alternating arrangement of an organosilicon unit and a .pi.-electron system (phenylene or ethynylene) in the backbone. Such polymers can be used as photoresists, semiconducting materials or precursors of silicon carbide. The phenylenebis(silanediyl triflates) are obtained by protodesilylation of the corresponding (allylsilyl)- or [(diethylamino)silyl]benzenes with F3CSO3H. Reactions with dinucleophiles like Li2C2 and Ph2Si(OH)2 lead to variously structured organosilicon polymers, which are characterized by spectroscopic methods.

ST phenylene silylene polymer; polyacetylene polycarbosilane triflate precursor; siloxane polycarbosilane triflate precursor; triflate precursor polyphenylene polysilylene

IT Nuclear magnetic resonance

(of phenylenebis(silanediyl triflates) and their polymers)

IT Polycarbosilanes

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, from triflate precursors)

IT Polycarbosilanes

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (polyacetylene-, prepn. of, from triflate precursors)

IT Polyacetylenes, preparation

Siloxanes and Silicones, preparation

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(polycarbosilane-, prepn. of, from triflate precursors)

IT Polycarbosilanes

ΙT

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (siloxane-, prepn. of, from triflate precursors)

106-37-6, p-Dibromobenzene 108-36-1, m-Dibromobenzene

o-Dibromobenzene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(Grignard reaction of, with allyldimethylsilyl chloride)

583-53-9,

IT 155166-24-8, Diethylaminodimethylsilyl triflate

```
PL: RCT (Peactant); RACT (Reactant cr reagent)
        (Grignard reaction of, with dibromobenzene)
     4028-23-3, Allyldimethylsilyl chloride
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Feactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (Grignard reaction of, with dibromobenzenes)
     74606-84-1, 1,3-Bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)benzene
                                                      109756-03-8,
ΙT
     1,2-Bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)benzene
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (diethylamination of)
                                                                156578-49-3P
                                 129498-61-9P 156578-33-5P
     27507-78-9P
                  127808-43-9P
ΤТ
     PL: FRP (Froperties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (prepn. and NMR spectra of)
     32107-86-1P 41205-85-0P 156578-35-7P
TT
                   156578-37-9P 156578-38-0P
     156578-36-8P
                                                156578-43-7P
                                 156578-42-6P
     156578-39-1P 156578-40-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and characterization of)
TΤ
     156578-34-6P
                   156578-41-5P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and polymn. of)
IT
     156578-32-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and tosylation of)
                                                      156578-44-8P,
     136115-96-3P, p-Bis(allyldimethylsilyl)benzene
IT
     m-Bis(allyldimethylsilyl)benzene 156578-45-9P, o-
     Bis(allyldimethylsilyl)benzene
                                      156578-46-0P, 1,4-
     Bis(diethylaminodimethylsilyl)kenzene
                                             156578-47-1P, 1,3-
                                             156578-48-2P, 1,2-
     Bis (diethylaminodimethyls:1yl) kenzene
     Bis(diethylaminodimethylsilyl)benzene
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and triflation of)
IT
     1493-13-6, Triflic acid
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with arom. disilyl compds.)
     109-89-7, Diethylamine, reactions
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)benzenes)
     140438-37-5
TΤ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene ditosylate)
     18753-27-0, 1,4-Bis(dimethylphenylsilyl)benzene
                                                      152306-64-4,
IT
     1,2-Bis(chloromethylphenylsilyl)benzene 152306-65-5,
     1,3-Bis (methylphenylsilyl)benzene
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (triflation of)
     41205-85-0P 156578-35-7P 156578-36-8P
ΙT
     156578-38-0P 156578-39-1P 156578-40-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and characterization of)
     41205-85-0 HCAPLUS
RN
     Poly[oxy(3,3-dimethyl-1,1-diphenyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-
CN
     phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Me Ph
Si O Si O
Me Ph
Me Ph
Me Ph

RN 156578-35-7 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonic acid, tr\_fluoro-, 1,4-phenylenebis(dimethylsilylene) ester, polymer with lithium acetylide (Li2(C2)) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 156578-34-6 CMF C12 H16 F6 O6 S2 Si2

CM 2

CRN 1070-75-3 CMF C2 Li2

Li-C=C-Li

RN 156578-36-8 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonic acid, trifluoro-, 1,4-phenylenebis(dimethylsilylene) ester, polymer with 3,3'-dibromo-1,1'-biphenyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 156578-34-6

CMF C12 H16 F6 O6 S2 Si2

Me O Si O S CF3

O Me Me O Me O Me O Me O Me

CM 2

CRN 16400-51-4 CMF C12 H8 Br2

Br Br

RN 156578-38-0 HCAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonic acid, trifluoro-, 1,4-phenylenebis(dimethylsilylene)
ester, polymer with diphenylsilanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 156578-34-6 CMF C12 H16 F6 O6 S2 Si2

CM 2

CRN 947-42-2 CMF C12 H12 O2 Si

RN 156578-39-1 HCAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonic acid, trifluoro-, 1,4-phenylenebis(dimethylsilylene) ester, polymer with 1,4-benzenediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 156578-34-6 CMF C12 H16 F6 O6 S2 Si2

CM 2

CRN 123-31-9 CMF C6 H6 O2

RN 156578-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy(dimethylsilylene)-1,4-phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## IT 156578-34-6P

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RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and polymn. of)
     156578-34-6 HCAPLUS
RN
    Methanesulfonic acid, trifluoro-, 1,4-phenylenebis(dimethylsilylene) ester
CN
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                           0
                     Мe
                     Si-0-S-CF3
    0
         Ме
                           0
                     Me
F3C- S-0 - Si
    0
         Me
L34 ANSWER 23 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     1994:458130 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     121:58130
     Bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy)organosilicon compounds as synthetic
ΤI
     materials for new silicon polymers
     Uhlig, Wolfram
ΑU
     Eidgenoessischen Tech. Hochsch. Zurich, ETH-Zentrum, Zurich, CH-8092,
CS
     Switz.
     Chemische Berichte (1994), 127(6), 985-90
SO
     CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940
DT
     Journal
     German
LA
     35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
CC
     Polyacetylene-polysilanes, polycarbosilane-siloxanes,
     polyacetylene-polycarbosilanes, polysilane-siloxanes, and
     polyacetylene-polycarbogermane-polycarbosilanes were obtained by
     condensation of electrophilic .alpha.,.omega.-
     bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy)organosilicon compds. with nucleophiles
     such as organolithium and organomagnesium compds. The required silyl
     triflate derivs. were prepd. by reaction of the appropriate amino-,
     allyl-, or phenylsilanes with F3CSO3H.
     polyacetylene polycarbosilane; polycarbosilane siloxane;
     siloxane polysilane; polycarbogermane polyacetylene
     polycarbosilane; polysilane polyacetylene; triflate silyl ester
     monomer
IT
     Polycarbosilanes
     Polysilanes
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polyacetylene-, prepn. and spectra of)
ΤТ
     Polycarbosilanes
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polyacetylene-polycarbogermane-, prepn. and spectra of)
IT
     Polyacetylenes, preparation
```

(Preparation)

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(polycarbogermane-polycarbosilane-, prepn. and spectra of)

```
Polyacetylenes, preparation
IT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, preparation
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polycarbosilane-, prepn. and spectra of)
     Polyacetylenes, preparation
IΤ
     Siloxanes and Silicones, preparation
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polysilane-, prepn. and spectra of)
     Polycarbosilanes
ΙT
     Polysilanes
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (siloxane-, prepn. and spectra of)
                                                  156276-94-7P
                                                                  156276-96-9P
     115444-36-5P 154714-09-7P
                                  156054-72-7P
ΤТ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and polymn. of)
                 155658-46-1P, Bis[(diethylamino)dimethylsilyl]ethyne
     36960-45-9P
IT
     156054-67-0P, Bis(allyIdimethylsilyI)phenylmethane
     RE: RCT (Feactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and reaction with triflic acid)
     32107-86-1P 41205-85-0P 156054-76-1P 156276-97-0P
ΙT
                                                 156277-01-9P
                                                                  156277-02-0P
                                   156277-00-8P
                   156276-99-2P
     156276-98-1P
                   156277-04-2P
                                   156277-05-3P
     156277-03-1P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (prepn. and spectra of)
     618-31-5, Benzylidene bromide
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with allylchlorodimethylsilane)
     4028-23-3, Allylchlorodimethylsilane
TT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with benzylidene bromide)
                                   1070-75-3, Dilithium acetylide
     947-42-2, Diphenylsilanediol
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with diethylamino(dimethyl)silyl triflate)
ΙT
     155166-24-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with lithium acetylide)
     1493-13-6, Triflic acid
ΤТ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with silanes)
     25149-72-8
IΤ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with silyl triflate ester)
     1145-98-8, Tetramethyldiphenyldisilane
TT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with triflic acid)
ΤТ
     41205-85-0P
     PL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation)
         (prepn. and spectra of)
 RN
      41205-85-0 HCAPLUS
      Foly[oxy(3,3-dimethyl-1,1-diphenyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-
 CN
      phenylene(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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Ph
             Me
             Si O
                    Si C
             Ме
                     Ph
Si
Me
                                   .. n
```

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ANSWER 24 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L34
     1994:77815 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     120:77815
DN
    The synthesis and gas-transport properties of some hydrosilylation
ΤI
     condensation polymers
     Rickle, Greg K.
ΑU
     Cent. Res. Adv. Polym. Syst. Lab., Dow Chem. Co., Midland, MI, 48674, USA
CS
     Journal of Applied Polymer Science (1994), 51(4), 605-12
SO
     CODEN: JAPNAB; ISSN: 0021-8995
DТ
     Journal
     English
LΑ
     35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 39
     High-permeance collection layers are needed in composite membranes but few
AΒ
     polymers have the required permeability. Hydrosilylation condensation
     polymers, because of their high silicon content, are thought to be good
     candidates to have high permeabilities. Several novel polymers were made
     and a new and simpler synthesis of ethynylated silanes is reported. One
     polymer, poly(divinyldimethylsilane-co-1,4-bis[dimethylsilyl]benzene),
     appears to be of a liq. cryst. nature and has a low oxygen permeability
     (1.10 barrers). Two others, poly(diethynyldimethylsilane-co-1,4-
     bis[dimethylsilyl]benzene) and poly(divinyldimethylsilane-co-
     p,p'diethynylbiphenyl-co-tetramethyldisiloxane), were viscous liqs. that
     could be thermally cured to give elastomers with oxygen permeabilities of
     .apprx.85 barrers.
     hydrosilylation polymer membrane gas transport; polycarbosilane membrane
ST
     gas transport oxygen
     Polycarbosilanes
ΤТ
     Rubber, synthetic
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (hydrosilylation condensation products, membranes, prepn. and gas
         transport properties of)
     Permeability and Permeation
ΙT
         (of gases in polycarbosilane membranes)
     74-82-8, Methane, properties 124-38-9, Carbon dioxide, properties
 ΙT
      7440-59-7, Helium, properties 7727-37-9, Nitrogen, properties
      7782-44-7, Oxygen, properties
      RL: PRP (Properties)
         (permeability of, in polycarbosilane membranes)
                     152725-12-7P 152725-13-8P 152725-14-9P
      152725-11-6P
 ΙT
      RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
```

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

1675-60-1P, Diethynyldimethylsilane

IT

(prepn. and gas-transport properties of)

PENG 10/054970

Page 73

(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and polymn. of, with bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene and

trivinylmethylsilane)

1066-26-8, Sodium acetylide ΙΤ

RI.: USES (Uses)

(reaction with dimethyldichlorosilane)

75-78-5, Dimethyldichlorosilane IT

RL: USES (Uses)

(reaction with sodium acetylide)

152725-13-8P 152725-14-9P ΙT

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and gas-transport properties of)

152725-13-8 HCAPLUS RN

Silane, diethynyldimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilane] CN and triethenylmethylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 18244-95-6 CMF U7 H12 Si

Me

HoC=CH-Si-CH-CH2

⊲н=== сн₂

2 CM

CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

SiHMe<sub>2</sub> Me<sub>2</sub>SiH

> 3 CM

CRN 1675-60-1 CMF C6 H8 Si

Me

HC = C - Si - C = CH Me

152725-14-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Silane, triethenylmethyl-, polymer with 4,4'-diethynyl-1,1'-biphenyl and 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 38215-38-2 CMF C16 H10

CM 2

CRN 18244-95-6 CMF C7 H12 Si

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} == \text{CH} - \text{Si} - \text{CH} == \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{CH} \quad \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

L34 ANSWER 25 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1994:55232 HCAPLUS

DN 120:55232

Polymeric organosilicon systems. 19. Preparation of branched polymers by selective hydrosilylation of poly[(silylene)but-1,3-diynes]

AU Ishikawa, Mitsuo; Toyoda, Eiji; Horio, Tomoyuki; Kunai, Atsutaka

CS Fac. Eng., Hiroshima Univ., Higashi-Hiroshima, 724, Japan

SO Organometallics (1994), 13(1), 26-7 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333

DT Journal

LA English

CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)

AB The reaction of poly[(dimethylsilylene, methylphenylsilylene, and diethylsilylene)but-1,3-diyne] with 1,4-bis(methylphenylsilyl)benzene in

the presence of a catalytic amt. of Rh6(CO)16 afforded the resp. branched polymers with high mol. wts. in high yields. polysilane polyacetylene crosslinking functionalization ST Crosslinking IT (of polyacetylene-polysilane) Polysilanes IΤ RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (polyacetylene-, crosslinking of, with silanes) Polyacetylenes, reactions ΙT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (polysilane-, crosslinking of, with silanes) 128599-08-6P 128599-09-7P 140391-19-1P IT RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (crosslinked, prepn. and characterization and soly. of) 3902-54-3 IT RL: USES (Uses) (crosslinking of polyacetylene-polysilane with) 617-86-7DP, Triethylsilane, reaction products with ΙT poly[(dimethylsilylene)butadiyne] 128599-08-6DP, reaction products with triethylsilane RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and characterization and soly. of) 3902-54-3 ΙT RL: USES (Uses) (crosslinking of polyacetylene-polysilane with) 3902-54-3 HCAPLUS RN Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[methylphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

L34 ANSWER 26 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 1993:581348 HCAPLUS AN 119:181348 DN Platinum complex-catalyzed polycondensation of ΤI tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene with diynes. Synthesis of thermally stable and conducting polymers Uchimaru, Yuko; Brandl, Paul; Tanaka, Masato; Goto, Midori ΑU Natl. Chem. Lab. Ind., Tsukuba, 305, Japan CS Journal of the Chemical Society, Chemical Communications (1993), (9), SO 744 - 5CODEN: JCCCAT; ISSN: 0022-4936 Journal DTEnglish LA 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) CC Section cross-reference(s): 76 Dehydrogenative double silylation cyclopolymn. of diynes with AΒ 1, 2, 4, 5-tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene in the presence of a catalytic amt.

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of (ethylene)bis(triphenylphcsphine)platinum gives new silicon-based
    polymers, which show high thermal stability and cond. upon doping.
     tetrasilylbenzene cyclopolymn diyne
ST
     Polymers, preparation
ΙΤ
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (heterocyclic silicon-based, prepn. and elec. cond. of doped)
     Electric conductivity and conduction
ΙT
        (of silicon heterocyclic polymers doped with ferric chloride)
     Crystal structure
ΙΤ
        (of tricyclic silicon heterocycle)
IT
     Polymerization
        (cyclo-, dehydrogenation, of diacetylenes with
        tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene)
     Polymerization catalysts
TT
        (cyclo-, dehydrogenation, platinum complex, for diacetylenes
        with tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene)
     12120-15-9, (Ethylene)bis(triphenylphosphine)platinum
ΙT
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (catalysts, for reaction of diacetylenes with
        dimethylsilylbenzenes)
     7705-08-0, Ferric chloride, properties
TT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (elec. cond. of silicon heterocyclic polymers doped with)
     150566-75-9P
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
         (prepn. and crystal structure of)
     150566-64-6P 150566-65-7P 150566-66-8P
IT
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. and elec. cond. of doped)
                    150622-04-1P
     150566-74-8P
TΨ
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. of, from diacetylene and bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene)
     2488-01-9, p-Bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene
TT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, diacetylenes)
     12100-65-1, 1,1'-Bis (phenylethynyl) ferrocene 150566-63-5
IΤ
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene)
      10095-29-1, 1,2,4,5-Tetrakis (dimethylsilyl) benzene
TΤ
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with diphenylacetylene)
      501-65-5, Diphenylacetylene
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene)
      150566-64-6P 150566-65-7P 150566-66-8P
 IT
      RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. and elec. cond. of doped)
      150566-64-6 HCAPLUS
 RN
      Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl-, polymer with
 CN
      1,4-di-1-octynylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
           1
      CRN 150566-63-5
      CMF C22 H30
```

PENG 10/054970

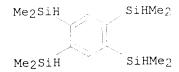
Page 77

C C (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub> Me

Me  $(CH_2)$  5  $C^{-1}$  C

CM 2

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

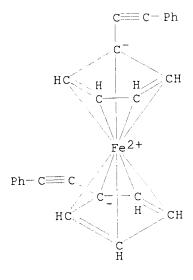


RN 150566-65-7 HCAFLUS

CN Ferrotene, 1,1'-bis(phenylethynyl)-, polymer with 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM l

CRN 12100-65-1 CMF 226 H18 Fe



CM 2

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

SiHMe2 MegSiH SiHMe: Me<sub>2</sub>SiH

150566-6€-8 HCAPLUS RN Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl-, polymer with CN 1,4-bis(phenylethynyl)benzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 10095-29-1 CMF C14 H30 Si4

Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe2 Me<sub>2</sub>SiH SiHMe

> 2 CM

CRN 1849-27-0 CMF C22 H14

$$\mathsf{Ph} - \mathsf{C} = = \mathsf{C} - \mathsf{Ph}$$

2488-01-9, p-Bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene ΙT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, diacetylenes)

2488-01-9 HCAPLUS RN

Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

10095-29-1, 1,2,4,5-Tetrakis(dimethylsilyl)benzene IT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with diphenylacetylene)

10095-29-1 HCAPLUS RN

Silane, 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetrakis[dimethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX CI1 NAME)

```
Me2SiH SiHMe2
Me2SiH SiHMe2
```

L34 ANSWER 27 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1003 ACS 1992:129153 HCAPLUS AN116:129153 DN TI{.eta.6-(Organosilyl)arene}chrcmium tricarbonyl complexes: synthesis, characterization, and electrochemistry Moran, Moises; Cuadrado, Isabel; Pascual, Maria Carmen; Casado, Carmen AU Maria; Losada, Jose Fac. Cienc., Univ. Auton. Madrid, Madrid, 28049, Spain CS SO Organometallics (1992), 11(3), 1210-20 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333 DTJournal English LA 29-11 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds) CCSection cross-reference(s): 35, 72 The synthesis of the complexes [.eta.6-PhSi(OEt)3]Cr(CO)3 (1), AΒ [.eta.6-PhSiMe(OMe)2]Cr(CO)3 (2), [.eta.6-C6H2(CH2)2Si(OMe)3]Cr(CO)3 (3), [.eta.6-1,4-C6H4[(CH2)2Si(OMe)3]2]Cr(CO)3 (4), [.eta.6-PhSi(Me)2H]Cr(CO)3, [.eta.6-1, 4-C6H4[Si(Me)2H]2]Cr(CO'3, [.eta.6-FhSi(Me)2CH:CH2]Cr(CO)3, and [.eta.6-PhSiMe(NMe2)2]Cr(CO)3 is described. The compds. were prepd. by direct thermal reaction of the (organosilanyl) arene either with Cr(CO)6 (in refluxing di-Bu ether-THF soln.) or from (MeCN)3Cr(CO)3 in cyclohexane. Alternatively, some of these complexes can be obtained by reaction of the (.eta.6-lithiobenzene)- or (.eta.6-1,4dilithiobenzene)Cr(CO)3 derivs. with the appropriate chlorosilane in THF at low temp. Photochem. reactions of these tricarbonyl complexes with tri-Bu phosphite in cyclohexane at room temp. afford the corresponding dicarbonyl-monosubstituted [.eta.6-(organosilanyl)arene]Cr(CO)2[P(OBu)3] complexes. The (alkoxysilyl) arene derivs. 1-4 were covalently linked to silica supports. New [(siloxanyl)arene]Cr(CO)3 polymers [-SiMe[.eta.6-C6H5]Cr(CO)3OSiMe2(1,4-C6H4)SiMe2O-]n, [-CH2CH[.eta.6-C6H5SiMe2]Cr(CO)3-]n, and [-SiMe2[.eta.6-1,4-C6H4]Cr(CO)3SiMe2(CH2)2SiMe2O]Si(CH2)2-]n as well as the dinuclear model compd. [.eta.6-PhSiMe2(CH2)2SiMe2-]2O[Cr(CO)3]2 were prepd. either by condensation or addn. polymn. reactions from the monomers with the reactive Si(NMe2)2, SiCH: CH2, and SiH groups. The oxidn. of the [.eta.6-(organosily1)arene]Cr(CO)3 complexes was studied by electrochem. and spectroelectrochem. (IR and EPR) techniques. The results show that the stability of the oxidn. products is very dependent upon the solvent and ring substituents. An electrochem, induced process exhibiting curve

ST chromium silylarene tricarbonyl prepn electrochem; silylbenzene chromium carbonyl prepn electrochem; polymn catalyst silylarenechromium carbonyl; electrochem oxidn silylarenechromium carbonyl

crossing was obsd. when the oxidn. was effected in the presence of P(OBu)3 in dichloromethane or propylene carbonate. Chem. modification of platinum electrodes via silanization was studied with the alkoxysilane complexes

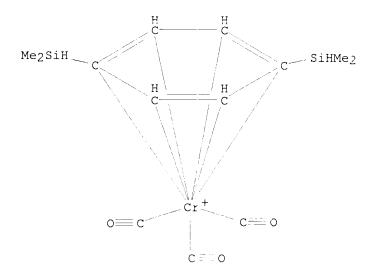
IT Polymerization catalysts

1-4.

([(organosily1)arene]chromium carbonyls, for phenylacetylene)

```
Oxidation, electrochemical
ΙT
        (of [(organosilyl)arene]chromium carbonyls)
     Substitution reaction, coordinative
IT
        (of [(organosilyl)arene]chromium tricarbonyls with tri-Bu phosphite)
     102-85-2, Tributyl phosphite
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (electrochem. oxidn. of (silylarene)chromium tricarbonyls in presence
        of)
     138814-02-5P 138834-40-9P
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        (formation and ESR spectrum of)
     138814-01-4P
TT
     RL: PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        (formation and IR spectrum of)
ΙT
     115775-85-4P
     RL: PCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or
     reagent)
        (formation and silvlation of, with chlorodimethylsilane)
TΤ
     2627-95-4
     RL: FCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation reaction of, with (silylbenzene)chromium tricarbonyl)
     12082-08-5
ΙT
     FL: FCT (Feactant); FACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (lithiation of arene ligand and subsequent silylation of)
     2754-32-7, 1,4-Bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene
TT
     RL: FCT (Reactant); FACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (polycondensation reaction of, with (silylbenzene)chromium tricarbonyl)
TT
     536-74-3, Phenylacetylene
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (polymn. of, (silylarene)chromium carbonyl catalysts for)
     137779-62-5DP, silica-supported deriv. 138813-88-4DP, silica-supported
IT
                                                       138813-90-8DP,
             138813-89-5DP, silica-supported deriv.
     silica-supported deriv.
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and catalytic polymn. by, of phenylacetylene)
                                                  138813-96-4P
                                   138813-95-3P
ΤТ
     138813-93-1P
                    138813-94-2P
                                                   138814-00-3P
                    138813-98-6P
                                    138813-99-7P
     138813-97-5P
                                                 138834-39-6P
     138814-03-6P 138814-04-7P
                                 138814-05-8P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and electrochem. oxidn. of)
ΙT
     25038-69-1P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, by polymn. catalyzed by silica-supported
        (silylarene) chromium carbonyls)
                                    138813-89-5P
                                                   138813-90-8P
ΙT
     137779-62-5P
                    138813-88-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn., photosubstitution with phosphite, catalytic polymn. of
        phenylacetylene, and electrochem. oxidn. of)
     138813-91-9P
TΨ
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn., photosubstitution with phosphite, homopolymn., and
        electrochem. oxidn. of)
                   122780-39-6P
ΙT
     75830-40-9P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn., photosubstitution with phosphite, hydrosilylation, and
        electrochem. oxidn. of)
     138813-92-0P
TT
```

```
EL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn., photosubstitution with phosphite, polycondensation with
        bis(hydroxydimethylsilyl)benzene, and electrochem. oxidn. of)
     1066-35-9, Chlorodimethylsilane
IT
     PL: FCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (silylation by, of (dilithiobenzene)chromium tricarbonyl)
     10339-02-3
ΙT
     PL: FCT (Reactant); FACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (silylation by, of (lithiobenzene)chromium tricarbonyl)
TT
     13007-92-6, Chromiumhexacarbonyl
     RL: FROC (Process)
        (substitution of, with silylarenes)
     766-77-8 780-69-8, Triethoxyphenylsilane 2488-01-9
TΨ
                                                             3027-21-2
     33567-83-8 49539-88-0
                              60354-74-7
     FL: FCT (Peastant); FACT (Peactant or reagent)
        (substitution reaction of, with chromium hexacarbonyl)
ΙΤ
     16800-46-7, Tris(acetonitrile)tricarbonylchromium
     FL: FCT (Feactant); FACT (Peactant or reagent)
        (substitution reaction of, with dimethylphenylvinylsilane)
     18243-27-1
ΙΤ
     FL: FCT (Feactant); FACT (Feactant or reagent)
        (substitution reaction of, with tris(acetonitrile)tricarbonylchromium)
TΤ
     115775-36-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); FACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (transmetalation of, with butyllithium)
TΤ
     138834-40-9P
     RL: PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        (formation and ESE spectrum of)
RN
     138834-40-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     Chromium(1+), tricarbonyl[(.eta.6-1,4-phenylene)bis[dimethylsilane]]-
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```



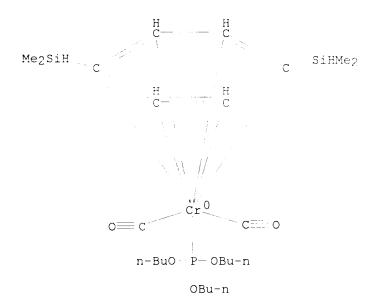
IT 138813-97-5P 138814-04-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and electrochem. oxidn. of)

RN 138813-97-5 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium, dicarbonyl[(.eta.6-1,4-phenylene)bis[dimethylsilane]](tributyl phosphite-P)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 138814-04-7 HCAPLUS
CN Poly[oxy(1,3,3-trimethyl-1-phenyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4phenylene(dimethylsilylene) tricarbonylchromium complex] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

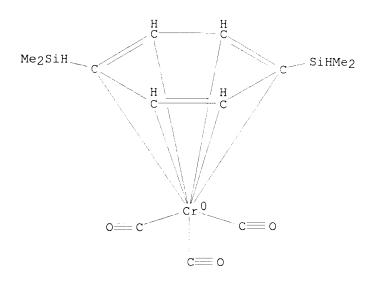
## IT 75830-40-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn., photosubstitution with phosphite, hydrosilylation, and electrochem. oxidn. of)

RN 75830-40-9 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium, tricarbonyl[(.eta.6-1,4-phenylene)bis[dimethylsilane]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



## IT 2488-01-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(substitution reaction of, with chromium hexacarbonyl)

RN 2488-01-9 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SiHMe2

```
L34 ANSWER 28 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
     1990:532954 HCAPLUS
DN
     113:132954
TI
     Liquid crystal polymers from swallow-tailed mesogens
ΑIJ
     Cabrera, Ivan; Ringsdorf, Helmut; Ebert, Martina; Wendorff, Joachim H.
CS
     Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Mainz, Mainz, D-6500, Germany
SO
     Liquid Crystals (1990), 8(2), 163-70
     CODEN: LICRE6; ISSN: 0267-8292
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     English
     35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 75
AB
     Swallow-tailed compds. contg. an acetylenic unit were
     synthesized. Only those compas, with a 3-ring structure exhibited
     liq.-cryst. phases. The Pt-catalyzed addn. of these monomers to compds.
     contg. Si-H groups was used to synthesize polymeric materials. Only those
     polymers with the tetramethyldisiloxane unit showed mesophases. The
     synthesis, characterization, and phase behavior are described.
     liq cryst polyacetylene swallow tail; siloxane
     polyacetylene liq crystal
ΙT
     Polymerization
        (of diacetylenes contg. attached mesogen groups with disilane
        or disiloxanes)
TΤ
     Liquid crystals
        (polyacetylene-siloxanes contg. attached mesogen groups)
IT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, preparation
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (polyacetylene-, prepn. and liq. cryst. properties of)
ΙΤ
     Polyacetylenes, preparation
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (siloxane-, prepn. and liq. cryst. properties of)
TΥ
     123-08-0, 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (condensation of, with dipropynyl malonate)
     15872-41-0 59662-47-4 65355-30-8
ΙT
                                            65355-33-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with dipropynyl hydroxybenzylidenemalonate)
IT
     107-19-7, 2-Propyn-1-ol
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with malonyl chloride)
ΙT
     1663-67-8, Malonic acid dichloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with propynol)
ΤT
     71387-28-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and condensation of, with hydroxybenzaldehyde)
IΤ
     129398-60-3P
```

```
PL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); FACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and esterification of, with mesogenic acids)
IT
     129458-05-5P 129458-06-6P 129458-07-7P 129458-08-8P
                                                                129458-09-9P
     129458-10-2P 129520-24-7P 129520-25-8P 129520-26-9P
     FL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (prepn. and liq. cryst. properties of)
     129398-61-4P 129398-62-5P 129398-63-6P
                                                129398-64-7P
ΙT
     PL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); FACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and polymn. of, with disilane or disiloxane derivs.)
     129458-10-2P 129520-26-9P
ΙT
     FL: FRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (prepn. and liq. cryst. properties of)
     129458-10-2 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Propanedioic acid, [[4-[[(4'-pentyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-
     yl)carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]methylene]-, di-2-propynyl ester, polymer with
     1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
         1
     CRN 129398-63-6
     CMF C34 H30 O6
             C OF CH2 = C F CH
   (CH2)4
                                CH --- C - C- O - CH<sub>2</sub> - C- CH
                                              0
     CM
         2
     CFN 2438-01-9
     CMF C10 H18 Si2
              SiHMe2
Me<sub>2</sub>SiH
RN
     129520-26-9 HCAPLUS
     Fropanedioic acid, [[4-[[(4'-pentyl[1,1'-bicyclohexyl]-4-
CN
     y1)carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]methylene]-, di-2-propynyl ester, [trans(trans)]-,
    pclymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN 129398-64-7
```

CMF C34 H42 C6

Relative stereochemistry.

(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>
Me

H

C

C - CH

O

C - CH

CM 2

CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

SiHMe<sub>2</sub>
Me<sub>2</sub>SiH

L34 ANSWER 29 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1978:406357 HCAPLUS

DN 89:6357

TI Action of 1,4-bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene on secondary acetylenic carbinols

AU Gverdtsiteli, I. M.; Doksopulo, T. P.; Gorelashvili, N. P.

CS Tbilis. Gos. Univ., Tiflis, USSR

SO Tezisy Dokl. - Vses. Konf. Khim. Atsetilena, 5th (1975), 176 Publisher: "Metsniereba", Tiflis, USSR. CODEN: 37NAAL

DT Conference

LA Russian

CC 29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)

Reaction of MeCH(OH)C.tplbond.CH with p-(Me2HSi)2C6H4 (I) in presence of Spiers catalyst gave p-[[Me(HO)CHCH:CH]Me2Si]2C6H4. Similar reaction of PhCH(OH)C.tplbond.CH with I gave p-[(HC.tplbond.CCHPhO)Me2Si]2C6H4. Minor amts. of the corresponding p-[(RCOCH:CH)Me2Si]2C6H4 and p-[[R(HO)CH2CH2]Me2Si]2C6H4 (R = Me, Ph) were also formed in each case.

benzene disilyl acetylenic carbinol reaction; acetylenic carbinol disilylbenzene reaction; silane hydroxybutenyl phenylenedi; propynyloxysilane phenylenedi

IT 62170-46-1P **62170-47-2P** 62170-49-4P 62170-50-7P

PENG 10/054970 Page 87 62170-51-8P 66727-42-2P PL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) TΤ 2028-63-9 4187-87-5 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with 1,4 his(dimethylsilyl)benzene) ΙT 2488-01-9 PL: RCT (Reactant); FACT (Feactant or reagent) (reaction of, with acetylenic carbinols) TΤ 62170-47-2P FL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) RN 62170-47-2 HCAPLUS Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl[(1-phenyl-2-propynyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA CN

Ph Si-Me

HC C CH-O CH-C CH

Me-Si
Ph
Me
Fh

INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 30 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 1977:121423 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 86:121423 ΤI Peaction of 1,4-bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene with secondary acetylenic carbinols ΑU Gverdtsiteli, I. M.; Doksopulo, T. P.; Gorelashvili, N. P.; Andronikashvili, G. G. CS SO Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1976), 46(11), 2531-3 CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X DTJournal LΑ Russian 29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds) CCAB Reaction of 1,4-(Me2HSi)2C6H4 with MeCH(OH)C.tplbond.CH in presence of H2PtCl6 gave largely the hydrosilylation product 1,4-[MeCH(OH)CH:CHSiMe2]2C6H4 whereas with PhCH(OH)C.tplbond.CH it gave mainly the dehydrocondensation product 1,4-(HC.tplbond.CPhCHOSiMe2)2C6H4 with small amts. of 1,4-[PhCH(OH)CH:CHSiMe2]2C6H4. ST silylbenzene acetylenic carbinol reaction; benzene silyl carbinol reaction; hydrosilylation acetylenic carbinol; dehydrocondensation acetylenic carbinol 62170-46-1P **62170-47-2P** IΤ 62170-48-3P 62170-49-4P 62170-50-7P 62170-51-8P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepr. of)

4187-87-5

ΙT

ΙT

2028-63-9

2488-01-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with secondary acetylenic carbinols)

IT 62170-47-2P

RN 62170-47-2 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl[(1-phenyl-2-propynyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 31 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1977:5518 HCAPLUS

DN 86:5518

TI Reaction of 1,4-bis(dihydrosilyl)benzenes with propargyl alcohol

AU Gverdtsiteli, I. M.; Doksopulo, T. F.; Gorelashvili, N. P.

CS Thilis. Gos. Univ., Tiflis, USSR

SO Izvestiya Akademii Nauk Gruzinskoi SSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya (1976), 2(3), 215-21

CODEN: IGSKDH; ISSN: 0132-6074

DT Journal

LA Russian

CC 29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)

GΙ

The addn. reaction of p-(MeRHSi)2C6H4 (I, R = Me, Ph) with the triple bond of CH.tplbond.CCH2CH in the presence of H2PtCl6 proceeds against Farmer's rule to give II (R = Me, Ph; R1 = CH2CH),. The yield of the addn. product is low (15%) since for I (R = Me), the dehydrocondensation product p-[(HC.tplbond.CCH2O)Me2Si]2C6H4 and the oxidn. product II (R = Me, R1 = CHO) were formed, and for I (R = Ph), a gum-like mass was produced. Reaction of I with Et3SiOCH2C.tplbond.CH followed by hydrolysis also gave II (R = Me, Ph; R1 = CH2OH) which on CrO3 oxidn. gave II (R1 = CO2H).

silylbenzene propargyl alc reaction; benzene silyl propargyl alc reaction; hydrosilylation propargyl alc

IT Hydrosilylation

(of propargyl alc.)

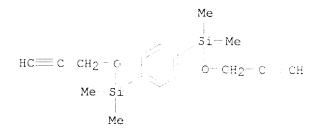
IT 61157-17-3P 61157-18-4P 61157-19-5P 61157-20-8P 61157-21-9P 61157-22-0P 61157-23-1P 61157-24-2P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

RN 61157-19-5 HCAPLUS

ΙT

CN Silane, 1,4-phenylenekis[dimethyl(2-propynyloxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L34 ANSWER 32 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1975:171490 HCAPLUS

DN 82:171490

TI Synthesis and study of products from 1,4-bis(dimethylsilylethynyl) benzene and trialkyl- and dialkyldiethynylsilanes

AU Gverdtsiteli, I. M.; Doksopulo, T. F.; Melua, M. S.

CS Tbilis. Gos. Univ., Tiflis, USSR

SO Dokl. Vses. Konf. Khim. Atsetilena, 4th (1972), Meeting Date 1972, Volume 1, 97-102. Editor(s): Azerbaev, I. N. Publisher: Akad. Nauk Kaz. SSR, Inst. Khim. Nauk, Alma-Ata, USSR. CODEN: 30AKA7

DT Conference

LA Russian

CC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)
 Section cross-reference(s): 29

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Silanes having vinyl and phenylene bridges between the Si atoms were prepd. via the reaction of disilylbenzenes with ethynylsilanes in the presence of H2PtCl6. Oligomeric ethylenic silanes were obtained by using diethynylsilanes as reactants. Acetylenic oligosilanes were obtained by the Grignard reaction of bis(bromomagnesiumethynyl)silanes with bis(chlorosilyl)benzenes. Oligosilanes obtained from p-(PhMeSiH)C6H4SiHMePh had elec. cond. 4 .times. 10-14-5 .times. 10-15 ohm-1 cm-1 and conduction activation energy 1.55-1.7 eV. Elec. cond. was also obsd. for the oligosilane I [32107-86-1]. PMR data was given for the ethylenic silane II [40308-85-8].

ST silylbenzene oligomerization ethynyl silane; elec cond unsatd oligosilane

IT Electric conductivity and conduction

(of oligosilanes, contg. phenylic and ethylenic or acetylenic

PENG 10/054970

Page 90

bridges)

IT Grignard reaction

(of silylbenzene with ethynyl silanes)

IT Polymerization

(oligomeriztion, of silylbenzene with ethynyl silanes)

IT Silane

FL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(phenylene-contg., oligomeric, unsatd., prepn. and properties of)

IT 40308-85-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and PMR of)

IT 32107-86-1P **39661-17-1P** 55295-53-9P

FL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation)

(prepn. and dielec. properties of)

IT 39661-17-1P

CM

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation)

(prepn. and dielec. properties of)

RN 39661-17-1 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, diethynyldimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[methylphenylsila ne] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 3902-54-3 CMF C20 H22 512

i

Рh

SiH Me

Me-siH | | | Ph

CM 2

CRN 1675-60-1 CMF C6 H8 Si

Me

HC C- Si- C- CH

Ме

L34 ANSWER 33 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1973:29889 HCAPLUS

DN 78:29889

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Synthesis and study of unsaturated organosilicon compounds based on
     1,4-bis (methylphenylsilyl) benzene
ΑU
     Gverdtsiteli, I. M.; Melua, M. S.; Doksopulo, T. P.
     Tbilis. Gos. Univ., Tbilisi, USSR
CS
     Zhurnal Obshchei Khimi: (1972), 42(8), 1777-80
SO
     CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X
DT
     Journal
LA
     Russian
CC
     29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
AΒ
     Reaction of p-C6H4(SiMePhH)2 (I) with Et3SiC.tplbond.CH in the presence of
     H2PtCl6 catalyst at reflux gave 45% p-C6H4(SiMeFhCH:CHSiEt3)2;
     p-C6H4(SiMePhCH:CHSiMePh)2 was similarly prepd., whereas the use of
     C10H7SiMe2C.tplbond.CH (II) gave p-C6H4(SiMePhCH:CHSiMe2C10H7)2. II was
     prepd. (90%) from C10H7SiMe2Cl and HC.tplbond.CMgBr in THF.
     Me2Si(C.tplbond.CH)2 and I gave 89% oligomeric polymer; a similar reaction
     was done with I and p-C6H4(SiMe2C.tplbond.CH)2.
ST
     silane vinyl phenylene; ethynylsilane
ΤТ
     39230-02-9P
                   39230-03-0P
                                39660-89-4P 39661-17-1P
     39758-71-9P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
     1777-03-3
IT
                 17156-64-8
                              39660-90-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); FACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with bis(methylphenylsilyl)benzene)
IΤ
     39660-91-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with ethynyl Grignard)
     3902-54-3
IΤ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Feastant or reagent)
        (reaction with triethylethynylsilane)
ΙT
     39661-17-1P 39758-71-9P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
RN
     39661-17-1 HCAPLUS
     Silane, diethynyldimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[methylphenylsila
     ne] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
         3902-54-3
         C20 H22 Si2
     CMF
               Ph
               SiH Me
Me-SiH
   Ph
     CM
          2
```

CRN 1675-60-1

CMF Co H8 Si

RN 39758-71-9 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[ethynyldimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[methylphenylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 3902-54-3 CMF C20 H22 Si2

CM 2

CRN 1871-88-1 CMF C14 H18 Si2

L34 ANSWER 34 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1972:419723 HCAPLUS

DN 77:19723

TI Synthesis and study of some unsaturated organosilicon compounds based on 1,4-bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene

AU Gverdtsiteli, I. M.; Melua, M. S.; Doksopulo, T. P.

CS Tbilis. Gos. Univ., Tbilisi, USSR

SO Soobshcheniya Akademii Nauk Gruzinskoi SSR (1972), 66(1), 77-80

PENG 10/054970 Page 93 CODEN: SAKNAH; ISSN: 0002-3157 DТ Journal LA Russian 29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds) CC Section cross-reference(s): 25, 23 For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. GΙ Addn. of 1,4-bis(dimeth.ylsily1)-benzene to HC.tplbond.CSiR2R1 (R = Me, Et; AΒ R1 = Et, Ph, C10H7) in the presence of H2PtC16 gave vinylsilylbenzene derivs. (I). (HC.tplbond.C)2SiPh2 reacted with p-Me2SiHC6H4SiHMe2 in the presence of H2PtCl6 to give a polymer (II, n = 3, 4, 6). (HC.tplbond.C)2SiRR2 (E2 = Me, Ph, CH:CH2) and p-C6H4(SiC.tplbond.CHMe2)2 were prepd. ST silylbenzene ethynylsilane condensation; vinylsilylbenzene; silylvinylsilylbenzene; benzene vinylsilyl; polysilylenephenylenesilylenev invlene ΙT 1675-56-5P 1675-57-6P 1675-60-1P 1849-37-2P 1871-88-1P 4618-92-2P 37099-15-3P 37099-16-4P 37099-17-5P 37170-52-8P **37433-11-7P** 37870-22-7P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) ΙT 2488-01-9 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with vinylsilane) IT 37099-15-3P 37099-16-4P 37099-17-5P 37433-11-7P PL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 37099-15-3 HCAPLUS RN CN Silane, diethynyldimethyl-, polymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2 SiHMe2 Me<sub>2</sub>SiH

CM 2

CRN 1675-60-1 CMF C6 H8 Si

Me

HC\_\_\_ C \_ Si \_ C\_\_ CH Me RN 37099-16-4 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, diethynylmethylphenyl-, polymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM .

CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

SiHMe2

M = = 0 = 11

Me<sub>2</sub>SiH

CM 2

CRN 1675-56-5 CMF C11 H10 Si

Me

HCT C Si Came CH

Ph

RN 37099-17-5 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethyl-, polymer with (1,4-phenylenedi-2,1-ethynediyl)bis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM :

CRN 46744-79-0 CMF C14 H18 Si2

C ≡ C SiHMe<sub>2</sub>

Me2SiH C≡EC

CM 2

CRN 2488-01-9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

Me≘SiH

RN 37433-11-7 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, diethynyldiphenyl-, polymer with 1,4-phenylenebis[dimethylsilane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2488-01 9 CMF C10 H18 Si2

SiHMe<sub>2</sub>

MegSiH

CM 2

CRN 1675-57-6 CMF C16 H12 Si